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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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TO BE OR NOT TO BE!
GET AT LEE TIDE
GO FORWARD & GRASP: HESITATE & GASP.
TAKE WHAT ASSURANCE YOU CAN
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SUSPEND JUDGMENT ON LABOUR GOVT.!

Commoner Cove's Hints To Congress

HOPES FROM NEW FORCES

By Mr. W. G. COVE, M.P.
(Specially Contributed To The "Chronicle")
LONDON, Sept. 25.

I am glad that Congress has found it possible, in spite of difficulties, to decide to participate in elections. It shows confidence that is welcomed by all friends of Congress. I am well aware of the narrow franchise on which elections will be decided, but it should be possible to make registers complete and genuine even within the limitations imposed by the present law. There should be complete and immediate realisation of civil liberty. There should be complete freedom to hold public meetings and advocate political points of view in the press. There must be complete freedom of Press.

I share the view that the proposals are "vague, inadequate and unsatisfactory" and I am sure many of us in Britain would welcome the exhaustive criticism by Congress of the proposals together with alternative proposals. It is most unfortunate that at this important juncture there are but slender and inadequate ways of ascertaining the minds of leaders of Congress. Friends of Congress and friends of Indian people in Britain work almost entirely in dark. We are anxious to see and appreciate if we can, the Indian angle of approach. Congress has stated: "Neither the end of war nor change of Government in Great Britain appears to have resulted in any real change of British policy towards India". Proposals as they stand are inadequate. They smack too much of legalistic formalism of a Cripps. To refer to Cripps proposals was a great mistake and was bound to cause misgivings. It was, to say the least, somewhat provocative to refer to proposals which had already been turned down by Congress. It was stupid to make them basis for any further developments. I wish, the British Government had broken completely with the futile Cripps proposals. I hope the "curse of Cripps" won't hang over any future negotiations. I always had impressions that he never realised the vital limitations of those proposals.

NO REAL CHANGE IN BRITISH POLICY

But I hope Congress will realise the mood of the present British Parliament. Majority behind the Labour Government won't assume that the change of Government in Britain has not resulted in any "real change of British policy towards India". This must be borne in mind in determining the tactical moves of Congress. There is in the present British Parliament, a body of people of whom it can be said there is more hope than in any previous Parliament. I don't know whether they will be effective in action—that remains to be seen—but I don't want them to be sterilised, pulverised or decimated before we begin the struggle. It is too very early to adopt the slogan "You are hopeless" on either side. God knows, it has been dinned into our ears enough that "Congress is hopeless", "Indian politics are hopeless". All things, as far as India is concerned we have been told a thousand times are hopeless—her poverty, illiteracy, her communal strife! It may be that events will prove that the change of Government here will effect no real change in India. I know reactionary forces at work. I know some of the reactionary members of the present Government. I could name them. I know that some of them subscribed willingly to the suppression of Congress and jailing of Congress leaders in 1942. But there are others in the Cabinet. They are men who have expressed progressive views and are not compromised.

CHANCE FOR PROGRESSIVE FORCES

At the moment, it seems to me, we must,—if we can,—give some chance for pressure of progressive forces to effect some influence upon events. If there is to be exposure, let it be complete and effective and let British Labour movement has an opportunity to exert its influence.

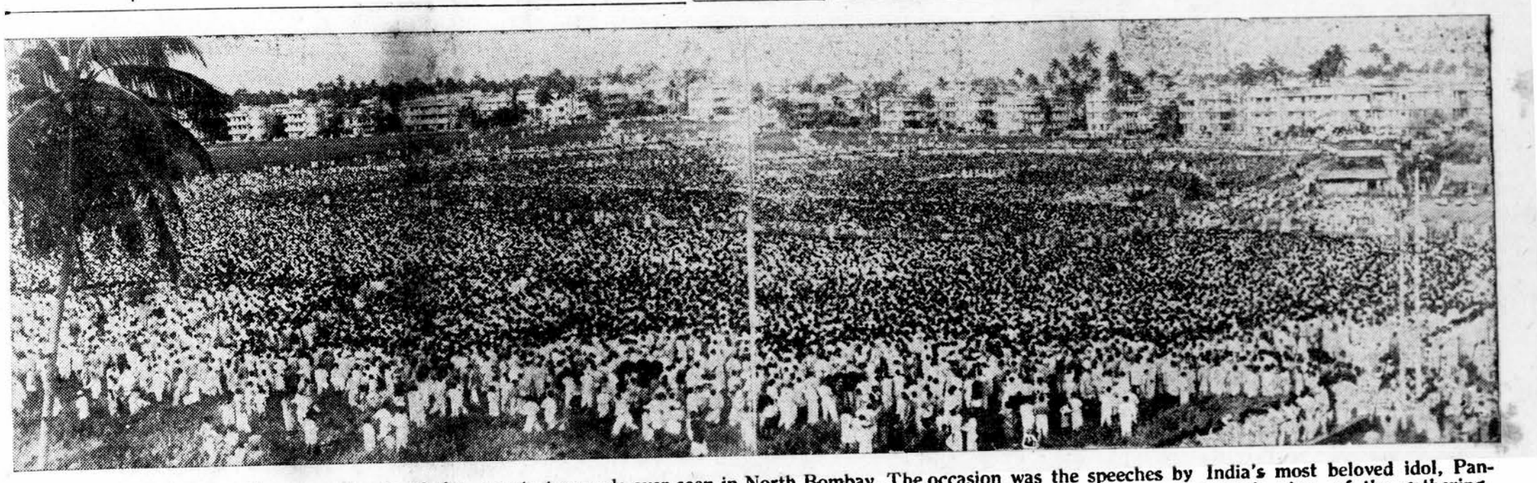
I take this attitude not because I believe the proposals to be satisfactory. I would have welcomed the declaration that Labour Government recognised the full right of the Indian people to their national independence. Every administrative step possible should be taken now to put real power in the hands of Indian people. It should be made plain that no minority would be allowed to stand in the way of transfer of power and independence to India I confess that in the absence of a forthright, virile and imaginative action on the part of the Government and in dragging the Cripps corps—and for other reasons—one could become immediately pessimistic and thus be paralysed for any good one could do from the British end. For my own part, I shall study, with great care, the pronouncements of Congress knowing that they embody an overwhelming will and mind of India. Our combined task—that is the task of Congress and British friends of Congress and of the Indian people—is to achieve the reality of full independence for India.

PETHICK-LAWRENCE MAY VISIT INDIA

MADRAS, Sept. 25, (O.P.I.).

According to the London correspondent of the "Hindu", Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Secretary of State for India, may visit India later.

To a question if he intended to visit India, Lord Pethick-Lawrence is reported to have replied: "Not now, but if at any future date my presence in India would be likely to help the Indian people by meetings with Mahatma Gandhi, Mr. Jinnah and other Indian leaders I shall certainly make the trip."



Shivaji Park, Dadar, was the scene of one of the greatest crowds ever seen in North Bombay. The occasion was the speeches by India's most beloved idol, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Shankerrao Deo and others on Monday evening. Picture shows a panoramic view of the gathering.

Same Old Game Again!

Attlee-Wavell Plan Exposed

POONA, Sept. 25, (A. P. I.): The Rt. Hon'ble M. R. Jayakar, Kunwar Sir Jagdish Prasad and the Hon'ble Sir N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, criticising the new Attlee-Wavell move in a joint statement issued today, say:

"The British Government's whole object seems to be to postpone a decision on all crucial questions for seven or eight months at least and then, when there is a renewed deadlock, to hold up their hands in pious horror and pretend that all their sincere efforts to hand over power to the Indians have been foiled by disagreement among Indian leaders.

TEXT OF STATEMENT

The statement reads: "The Viceroy's latest broadcast, cold, curt, uninspiring, was in depressing but unmistakable contrast to the warmth and friendliness of the broadcast that preceded the summoning of the Simla Conference. There has been a distinct hardening of tone and a deplorable deterioration of policy. Political tactics have now taken the place of statesmanship. As the Muslim League demands have stiffened after the failure of the Simla Conference, the British Government's attitude towards the other political parties has been thrown into the melting pot; "interim" Government at the Centre, replacement of Section 93 by Responsible Governments in the Provinces and even the summoning of a Constitution-Making Body are first to take place, after the provincial elections between the Aiceroy and the representatives of the elected members of the Provincial Legislature as to the acceptability of the Cripps proposals and the form of the Constitution Making Body.

POSTPONING DECISION.

The 'great issues involved and the delicacy of the minority problems' are the excuse for this reeling from the position taken up in the Cripps declaration. Mr. Jinnah will not look at any proposal for a Constitution-making Body, unless Pakistan is agreed to first. Is this preliminary conference intended in reality to give the Muslim League an opportunity for raising this issue and thereby creating a deadlock even at that initial stage? Have the British Government no mind on this question? If they have, why do they evade giving public expression to it? It is pompously declared that the elections must be held first, so that the will of the Indian electorate might be known. Will on what? This is left delightfully vague. Surely the Viceroy and the Labour Government must be fully aware that the elections on a very limited franchise by separate communal electorates will not settle the question of Pakistan. The British Government's whole object seems to be to postpone a decision on all crucial questions for seven or eight months at least and then, when there is a renewed deadlock, to hold up

(Continued On Page 5 Col. 3)

Another Soviet Surprise

LONDON, Sept. 25 (Reuter): Russia has sprung another major surprise at the Council of Foreign Ministers by suddenly raising matters of Far Eastern interest.

Following his last week's revelations of Russian aims in the Mediterranean, the Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Molotov, is now understood to have taken up questions relating to the nature of the joint Allied control in Japan.

The new Soviet move is all the more unexpected, since no Far Eastern questions hitherto have been listed either in the Potsdam agenda for the Council or in the working agenda established at the beginning of the Council's meetings.

Russian rejection of western "interference" in the Balkans was coupled to-night with a reported Soviet proposal for a joint policy in the Far East as deliberations of the Council of Foreign Ministers seemingly approached an uncertain conclusion, says the Associated Press of America.

The proposal drew U. S. Secretary of State James F. Byrnes' immediate objection, conference sources said. Byrnes objected to the Soviet's raising the question now, they said, on the grounds that he came to London with the understanding that only European issues would be discussed.

Besides, Byrnes was said to have explained that he did not have his Far East experts with him.

RAIDED NEPAL JAIL TO RESCUE PRISONER

Bihar Govt. Alleges Congress Socialists Organised Attack

RANCHI, Sept. 25, (A.P.I.): The Government of Bihar have issued a Press note in which they have refuted the charge made by a local newspaper that some security prisoners were detained without any proof of their having taken part in a movement to overthrow the Government.

The Press note says that "Babu Ramswarrobar Sharma of the Congress Socialist Party was in fact running a district communication in the organisation of which he played an active part" The Press note adds that these facts had been gathered about him from documents seized in his office and from the confessions made by members of the revolutionary wing of the Congress Socialist Party.

Referring to the case of another security prisoner, Babu Shyam Sundar Prasad, also a member of the Congress Socialist Party, the Press note says:—"He was one of the Congress Socialist Party led by Jai Prakash Narain. He went underground and was arrested in Nepal and was later rescued from the Nepal jail by an attack carried out by a raiding party organised by Congress Socialist Party".

MORE BR. TROOPS FOR PALESTINE

JERUSALEM, Sept. 25. (A.P.A.): Additional troops are reported 'en route' to Palestine to strengthen measures against the illegal entry of Jews from neighbouring countries.

In London, the "Daily Sketch" reported today that strong British reinforcements had already reached Palestine.

JERUSALEM, Sept. 25. (U.P.A.): The Government is already preparing curfew announcements in case of riots, according to a report last night. This is believed to be timed to coincide with Palestine High Commissioner Lord Gort's statement which he is expected to make on arrival in Palestine some time this week. The curfew announcements will apply to the Jewish and Arab zones equally as well as to the entire municipal area.

JAVANESE STRIKE FOR NATIONAL FREEDOM

LONDON, Sept. 25, (Reuter): Sudden emergence of a powerful nationalist movement in the wealthy Dutch colony of Java seized by the Japanese in the early satges of their lightning campaign in the Pacific, is causing unforeseen complications extending from Singapore to Sydney where large scale dockyard strikes have broken out in sympathy with the movement.

Alan Humphreys, Reuter's special correspondent in Singapore, reported to-day that Admiral Mountbatten has instructed the Japanese forces in Java, who still control the island five weeks after the Japanese surrender, not to hand over authority to any Java faction.

Aims of this "Indonesia Nationalist Movement" were outlined to an Australian correspondent who visited the island by Dr. I. R. Soekarno, its leader who was quoted last July by the Japanese News Agency as appealing to the people of Java to fight hand-in-hand with Japan.

SOEKARNO "CABINET"

The correspondent reports, Humphreys said, hat Soekarno wanted to proclaim his assumption of authority, but the Japanese warned him to desist.

He has formed a "Cabinet" of 17 members and established himself in the Sboely old white pillared building which once housed the Dutch Colonial Government's Ministry of Finance.

Forty-four-year-old Soekarno claims that his movement represents 95 per cent of the 70,000,000 population in the Netherlands East Indies.

He told the correspondent: "We want a complete break with Holland, but the Dutch would be free to live side by side with the Indonesians."

Delay in Allied occupation of the Netherlands East Indies is regarded in Singapore as unfortunate but unavoidable, writes Humphreys. Admiral Mountbatten, with the world's most widespread command, has never had the troops he required, and with the suddenly expanded commitments caused by Japan's surrender, he has been unable immediately to spread his forces around the enormous area in which they are needed.

STRIKES IN AUSTRALIA

In Australia the strike of 30,000 dock workers in New South Wales in sympathy with the "Indonesian Nationalist Movement" today provoked a spirited criticism of the Government by the Opposition leader, Mr. Robert Menzies, who complained of official inaction. "It is a 'grave scandal', declared Mr. Menzies that the Communists on Sydney's waterfront are again taking it upon themselves to dictate Australia's policy in the Netherlands East Indies. The Communists, he said, were not only taking foreign relations into their own hands, but were actually supporting the revolutionary movement led by a man who was leader of the puppet Government set up by the Japanese.

The strike has now spread to the big Queensland port of Brisbane.

According to the newspaper "Sydney Sun", the nationalist leader Soekarno is maintaining direct contact with Australia, keeping in touch with Indonesian communists there.

AZAD FOR DELHI BY 'PLANE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President will leave for Delhi by plane on Wednesday.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is expected to leave for Allahabad on Thursday evening.

THREAT OF ANOTHER FAMINE IN BENGAL

(From Our Correspondent.)
LONDON, September 25.

Official and non-official circles in Britain are disturbed by fears expressed recently by Mr. P. N. Banerjee about the food position in Bengal. These fears have been confirmed by recent visitors—Indian and non-Indian—from India. All agree that if prompt action is not taken Bengal is likely to face another famine perhaps worse than the previous one.

One of those who had been seeking enlightenment here on the Bengal situation is Lord Sinha who is most anxious to find out what steps have been taken or being taken to prevent recurrence of famine.

Lord Sinha appears to be most concerned to get at the bottom of the allegations of black marketing most rampant all over Bengal and the Government measures to eradicate it which have been inadequate.

When Lord Wavell was in London, Lord Sinha interviewed him and this has been followed by another interview last Sunday. It was with Mr. Casey Governor of Bengal, who, I am told, has placed at Lord Sinha's disposal firsthand information both as regards stock of food and allegations of corruption, bribery etc., Mr. Casey was innundated enquiries of a similar nature from many quarters in Britain.

Lord Pethick Lawrence has invited Lord Sinha for discussion of the Bengal situation. Meanwhile Lord Sinha has sent what look like S.O.S. messages to India for detailed reports from men on the spot who are in a position to assist him in this matter.

Lord Sinha intends to raise the matter in the House of Lords at the earliest opportunity. He has received assurances of hearty support not only from the Liberal benches but other peers, who too appear to be worried by the threat of another famine in India.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (DECEMBER)
NEW YORK, September 25.

Previous closing	22.79
To-day's opening	22.81
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	22.86
Difference	+.07

'Sunil Snow'
makes the skin smooth, brilliant and attractive. You will love its sweet fragrance. Apply this wonderful snow on your face and watch for the miraculous results in the mirror.

Bombay Soap Factory
ESTABLISHED 1904.
Office and Showroom,
105, Abdul Rehman Street,
BOMBAY 3.

CEMENT FOR CIVIL REQUIREMENTS

The public are hereby informed that there has been a considerable increase in the allotment of cement for Civil requirements and it is now possible to supply it for new construction work as well as for other purposes. Contractors and others who require cement for construction or any other work should therefore apply to:—

The Cement Marketing Co. of India, Limited,
Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Bombay.

For small quantities, application should be made to the local authorised stockists whose names are given below:—

M/s. Harjivandas Mohandas & Co.,
20-22 C. P. Tank Road, Bombay.

M/s. Shapurji Pallonji & Co.,
70 Medows Street, Bombay.

M/s. Tandur & Shahabad Stone Co.,
Near Round Temple, Bombay.

C.M.I. DISTRIBUTORS OF ACC & DALMIA CEMENTS

Inserted by
THE CEMENT MARKETING CO. OF INDIA, LTD.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 14525|147.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the public residing in that part of the Suburban area to be added to Bombay City that, with effect from 1st October 1945, the existing pounds in that area will be public pounds and that with effect from this date the Police Patils mentioned below are hereby appointed to be keepers of those pounds as follows:—

S. No.	Place where public pounds are established.	Pound Keeper appointed.
1.	Bandra	Police Patil, Bandra.
2.	Andheri	Police Patil, Andheri.
3.	Marol	Police Patil, Marol.
4.	Kurla	Police Patil, Kurla.
5.	Chembur	Police Patil, Devnar.

2. Pound fees chargeable are as under:—

DESCRIPTION OF ANIMAL	
(i) every ram. every ewe. every sheep. every lamb. every goat or kid	One rupee.
(ii) every other animal.	Two rupees.

3. Feeding expenses chargeable are as under:—

Description of animal.	Rate Per Diem.
(i) every ram. every ewe. every sheep. every lamb. every goat or kid.	As. 8.
(ii) every other animal.	Rs. 1-8-0.

4. All cattle found straying in any street or trespassing upon any public or private property shall be impounded in these pounds as under:—

Police Station.	Police Pound.
Bandra Police Station. Santacruz Police Station	Bandra.
Andheri Police Station	Andheri and Marol.
Kurla Police Station	Kurla.
Ghatkopar Police Station	Chembur.

5. This notification is issued under section 51 (1) and 53 (4) of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, as amended by the Bombay Act, XVII of 1945.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 14th September, 1945.

(4927)

THE AHMEDABAD ADVANCE MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS, of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY the 5th October, 1945 to SATURDAY, the 27th October, 1945, both days inclusive.

THE FORTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, "Bombay House", 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on Tuesday the 23rd October 1945 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) when the usual resolutions regarding the adoption of the Directors' Report and the audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1945, the declaration of dividends, the election of Directors and the appointment of auditors will be submitted.

A further Resolution will also be submitted to the Meeting for considering and passing the Draft Agreement modifying the Managing Agents' remuneration under the Managing Agency Agreement as stated in a Circular letter and Notice which will be posted to the shareholders shortly.

The Dividends, if sanctioned, will be payable from Tuesday the 6th November 1945.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TATA SONS, LIMITED,
Managing Agents.
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.

Bombay, 25th September, 1945.

49.8

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Search Clerk in the Office of the Legal Assistant of the Bombay Municipality in the grade of Rs. 55-4-115-5-140 plus Dearness Allowance. Applicants should have experience of work in a Solicitor's office including Record Keeping and must be well conversant with the work of taking searches in the Offices of the Sub-Registrar and the Collector. The selected candidate will be entitled to the benefits of the Municipal Leave and Provident Fund Rules and will be on probation for one year in the first instance after which he will be confirmed if found suitable.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications experience etc. should be submitted to the undersigned on or before 1st October 1945 together with true copies of testimonials if any. Application should bear the superscription "Application for the post of a search clerk in the Legal Assistant's Office."

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
MANBHOY B. MANIAR,
Legal Assistant

Legal Assistant's Office,
Bombay Municipality,
Improvement Trust Building,
Napier Road, Fort, Bombay.

4925

G. I. P. RAILWAY

SPECIAL NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED THAT on and from 1st October, 1945 the following additional trains will be introduced to timings shown below:

BOMBAY-NASIK ROAD SHUTTLE

13 Dn.			14 Up
15-25	D	Bombay	A 4-35
21-20	A	Nasik Road	D 23-10

BHUSAVAL-MANMAD SHUTTLE

42 Up			41 Dn.
5-10	D	Bhusaval	A 16-25
11-10	A	Manmad	D 12-5

BHUSAVAL-SHEGAON SHUTTLE

29 Dn.			30 Up
21-55	D	Bhusaval	A 4-45
0-50	A	Shegaon	D 1-40

BHUSAVAL-KHANDWA SECTION

27 Dn. and 28 Up Bhusaval Fast Passenger trains now running between Bombay and Bhusaval will be extended to and from Khandwa.

27 Dn.			28 Up
21-5	D	Bhusaval	A 7-25
0-30	A	Khandwa	D 3-40

NAGPUR-ITARSI-JUBBULPORE SECTION

The present 476 Up and 475 Dn. Nagpur-Itarsi Passenger trains running between Nagpur and Itasri will be extended to and from Jubbulpore.

401 Dn.			404 Up
5-30	D	Itarsi	A 20-30
11-50	A	Jubbulpore	D 14-30

BHOPAL-UJJAIN SECTION

453 Dn.			454 Up
19-45	D	Bhopal	A 6-25
0-30	A	Ujjain	D 1-40

BINA-KATNI SECTION

555 Dn.			556 Up
21-00	D	Bina	A 7-40
1-30	A	Damoh	D 3-00

WARDHA-AMRAOTI

354 Up			353 Dn.
19-00	D	Wardha	A 3-35
23-00	A	Amraoti	D 23-30

MURTAZAPUR-ELLICHPUR BRANCH

381 Dn. and 382 Up mixed trains now running between Murtazapur and Banosa on Fridays only will run daily between Murtazapur and Ellichpur.

381 Dn.			382 Up
6-00	D	Murtazapur	A 20-45
9-55	A	Ellichpur	D 16-35

MURTAZAPUR-YEOTMAL BRANCH

379 Dn. and 380 Up mixed trains now running between Murtazapur and Darwha Motibagh will be extended to and from Yeotmal.

379 Dn.			380 Up
7-00	D	Murtazapur	A 20-00
12-50	A	Yeotmal	D 13-40

PULGAON-ARVI BRANCH

The Diesel Unit will make an additional trip. The revised timings are as follows:—

395	397		396	398
7-30	11-15	D Pulgaon A	10-30	16-15
8-45	12-30	A Arvi D	9-15	15-00

PACHORA-JAMNER BRANCH

One additional train will run. The revised timings are as follows:—

887	889		888	890
7-20	15-00	D Pachora A	12-15	20-15
9-30	17-10	A Jamner D	10-00	18-00

DHOND-BARAMATI BRANCH

737			736
13-25	D	Dhond	A 12-25
15-25	A	Baramati	D 10-30

Particulars of timings obtainable from Station Masters concerned.

4922

NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS.

MEMBERS of the Common Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on the 2nd floor on Wednesday the 26th September 1945 at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.).

J. B. GREAVES,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 25th September, 1945.

(4934)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1950 of 1940

PADAMSEY PREMJI .. Plaintiff.

vs.

Bai SHIRINBAI, widow of Jussabbhoy Alladinbhoy Somjee and others .. Defendants

To,

HABIB JUSSABBHOY ALLADINBHOY SOMJEE, Esq., the 2nd Defendant.

PLEASE ATTEND before the Chamber Judge at the High Court Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 5th October, 1945, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) on the hearing of the Plaintiff's application for the following Orders:—

(a) That the Commissioner for taking accounts, High Court do sell the half share of the late Jussabbhoy Alladinbhoy Somjee in the immovable and movable properties being the Cotton Pressing Factory situate at Ujjain, without the reserved bid being fixed.

(b) or, in the alternative the reserved bid be reduced and be communicated by the Honourable the Chamber Judge to the Commissioner for Taking Accounts.

(c) That the costs of and incidental to the said application and Order to be made thereon be tacked to the Mortgage debt or be otherwise provided for.

Dated this 12th day of February 1945.

DAYALJI & DIPCHAND,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

4933

THE AHMEDABAD ADVANCE MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

THE DIRECTORS of the Company have decided to recommend to the Annual General Meeting, the payment of the following final dividends to the Shareholders for the year ended 30th June, 1945:—

Rs. 2-8-0 per Share on Preference Shares.

Rs. 8-0-0 per Share on Ordinary Shares.

For and on behalf of
The Ahmedabad Advance Mills, Ltd.,
TATA SONS, LTD.,
Managing Agents.
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.

Bombay, 25th September, 1945.

(4929)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

QUOTATIONS for the supply of lorries on hire will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 5th day of October, 1945.

Quotations should be sent in sealed envelopes superscribed "Quotation for the supply of lorries on hire addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, with a deposit of Rs. 2,000/-.

Forms of quotation and terms and conditions will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the Mechanical Engineer on application.

The Mechanical Engineer will on application at his office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any quotation.

(Sd.) B. B. PATKAR,
Dy. City Engineer.

Municipal Workshops, Foras Road,
Bombay, 24th Sept. 1945.

4935

AUCTION SALES.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOTS OF RICH CROCKERY, DINNER SETS, MEAT PLATES, BREAD PLATES, DEEP PLATES, LEMON PLATES, FLOWER POTS, etc.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Deed of Settlement, dated 1st August, 1913, executed by the late Seth Bomanji Dinshaw Petit, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction the abovementioned at the premises of the Union Bank Building (1st floor), at Apollo St., Fort, TODAY WEDNESDAY, the 26th September, 1945, at 2-30 P.M. (N.S.T.).

On view.

AUCTION SALE OF KHAKI DYEING MACHINERY (DAMAGED BY FIRE & WATER).

Under instructions from the Insurance Co. concerned M's. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction Today WEDNESDAY the 26th September 1945 at 4 P.M. (N.S.T.) at No. 8 Shed Section No. 96 Wadi Bunder Goods Depot, the undermentioned.

1 Big lot Khaki Dyeing Machinery (Damaged by fire and water).

Terms—Cash and immediate delivery.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT CHINCHBUNDER ROAD (MANDVI).

Under instructions from Messrs. Dayalji & Dipchand, attorneys for the vendors Mr. Huseinbhoy Jafferbhoy Kanji and others, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on Monday 15th October 1945 at 4-30 P.M. (N.S.T.), on site, land admeasuring 166 square yards with the building standing thereon, New Land Revenue No. 7039-7040, New Survey No. 2|2672| 2672, Cadastral Survey No. 929, Street No. 25B Chinchbunder Rd., bounded on the North by property of Mr. Lachmidas Chandaramji, on the South by property of Mr. Jamnadas Umersey, on the East by land belonging to the Government and G.I.P. Rly. on the West by a lane going to Chinchbunder Rd.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Dayalji & Dipchand, Solicitors, Fort Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, or to

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOTS OF WASTE TARRED PAPER AND HOOP IRON SCRAP.

By order of the Controller of Supplies, Disposals Branch, Bombay, Messrs. Gandhi & Co. will offer for sale by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 27-9-45 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at Government Timber Salvage Depot, Matunga, Opposite Wadala Railway Station, Bombay:

Waste Tarred Paper 80 tons Approximately and Hoop Iron Scrap 23½ tons approximately.

Terms: 20% Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF A CHEVROLET MOTOR TRUCK.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from the Court Receiver, as the Receiver appointed in Bombay High Court Suit No. 579 of 1945 (Shirinbai V|s Hussein Gulamhussein) sell by Public Auction on Saturday the 29-9-45 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at Sheikh Mahomed Motor Repairing Workshop, Gulamalli Mahomedalli Kharawala Building, No. 46, Lamington Road, Bombay:—

One Chevrolet Motor Truck No. BMT 4782 with accessories.

Terms: 25% Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

BRITAIN MUST BREAK WITH FRANCO, SAYS LASKI

"Are We To Allow Spanish Tragedy To Go On Unmitigated In Its Barbarism?"

LONDON, September 25 (Reuter).—General Franco's regime in Spain will lead to a new and more barbarous war, declared Prof. Harold Laski, Chairman of the British Labour Party, in a broadcast to the United States this morning.

Urging that recognition should be withdrawn from the present Spanish Government, Prof. Laski vigorously condemned the policy of non-intervention in the Spanish Civil War.

He spoke over the American Broadcasting Company's system and the audience included thousands of Americans attending a mass meeting under the auspices of the Spanish Refugee Appeal of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee, in Madison Square Garden, New York.

Prof. Laski, who has been often accused, especially by the British Right-Wing Press, of "dictating" the policy of the Labour Government, emphasised that he was speaking "as a private British citizen to private American citizens."

NO FOUR FREEDOMS

The cause of Republican Spain is one of the supreme tests of our devotion to freedom, Prof Laski said. "No honest person can deny that a regime like General Franco's makes it impossible for the ordinary citizen of Spain to have access to any one of the Four Freedoms. Everyone knows General Franco's regime has been a massive failure, corrupt, cruel, ignorant and that it has no support from any interest in Spain that is entitled to self-respect.

"What is to be our policy in Spain? Are we to allow this tragedy to go on unmitigated in its barbarism? Does anyone honestly think that Spain, which General Franco made, can ever be other than poison in the fellowship of peoples? Is it not obvious that there will come a stage when its yoke will be found intolerable and that it will provoke a new and more barbarous war?

"But for the policy of non-intervention so dishonestly invented and still more dishonestly applied by Britain and America, the Spanish Republic could still be in power today", he added.

AFFRONT TO INDIAN CHRISTIANS

Bombay Mayor's Telegram To Travancore Ruler

Dr. Jos. Alban D'Souza, Mayor of Bombay, has sent the following telegram to His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore:

"Christian population here greatly perturbed by the news of Travancore Government's proposed action against local Christian educational institutions and views with apprehension the State's Order to Bishop of Changanacherry to withdraw his pastoral letter on the subject as unjustifiable interference in the peaceful exercise of his lawful duties and as an affront to Christian population as a whole. Pray reconsider decision in consideration of the service in the cause of education rendered by the Christian educational institutions and in defence to the religious sentiments of the whole Christian community and in the interest of peace and harmony among different communities in the State and elsewhere."

Kumarappa's Gujarat Tour Postponed

The proposed tour of Gujarat from September 27 of Dr. J. C. Kumarappa with Mr. G. V. Mavlankar in connection with the reorganization of the A.I.V.I.A. Branch in Gujarat is postponed to October 22 and the following days on account of the breach in railway communications. The details of the tour will be notified later.

ALLIES TAKE OVER NAZI ASSETS IN SPAIN

LONDON, Sept. 25.

The Washington State Department disclosed last night that American and British agents have assumed direct control over all German Government owned industries and other assets in Spain.

Officials of the State Department said that the "Big Four" Allied Control Commission in Berlin was further considering a plan for seizure of all private or so-called private German property in Spain.

These moves were in fulfilment of the Reparations clause of the Potsdam agreement.

Officials of the State Department did not make it clear whether such action had either been taken or contemplated in other European countries—principally Switzerland and Sweden.

Dutch Quisling Sentenced To Death

THE HAGUE, Sept. 25 (Reuter): The Dutch Quisling, Max Blokzyl, who broadcast for the Germans during the occupation, was sentenced to death by the special court here today. He was given permission to appeal. Blokzyl took the verdict calmly.

Birla Says:

U. S. HAS NO RIGHT TO INTERVENE

India Won't Stand Any Scaling Down Of Sterling Balances

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24 (A.P.I.): "I was rather astonished to find that there are responsible people even in Government circles in Washington who are seriously suggesting that India's sterling credits should be scaled down", said Mr. G. D. Birla, Member of the Indian Industrialists Mission to the United Kingdom and the United States, speaking at a luncheon given to him and Mr. N. R. Sarker, another member of the mission, today, by Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi, President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta.

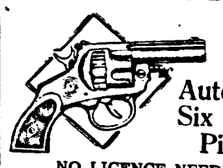
"Of course America has selfish motives behind such a demand, because she feels that if India is a creditor to England. She would automatically make large purchases from the United Kingdom rather than from America", said Mr. Birla. "But even selfish motives should not inspire such a big nation as America to suggest that England should immorally refuse to discharge her solemn obligation. I hope, and I have no doubt in my own mind that England will not accept any such advice which is bound to be strongly resented by Indians."

Mr. Birla questioned the right of America or any other country to make such a suggestion, and said that the matter could be settled only between England and India. When India was a debtor country, U.S.A. never came to her rescue. She never for a moment suggested to England that India's debt to England should be scaled down. Now, when we had paid every penny of our debt and had become a creditor country by sheer starvation, distress and misery, the only service America had rendered was to tell England that she should default and refuse to discharge a poor country's debt in full.

Fresh Batch Of P. O. Ws. Back Home

MADRAS, Sept. 25 (A.P.I.): A further batch of 1,157 Allied prisoners of war arrived in Madras from Singapore this morning by s. s. "Circassia". There were 14 British officers four V. C. O.s and 1,139 I. O R.s of whom 120 I. O.R.s were sick. These were sent to the military hospital at Jalahali by ambulance trains.

FREE FREE



Automatic Six Shots Pistols

NO LICENCE NEEDED

Very useful for Dramas, Cinemas, to frighten thieves and at the time of danger. Flames and smoke come out from the mouth when fired, and looks like a real revolver. Size 7½" x 4". Rs 8- with one dozen shots (Alarm Discs) free For extra one dozen Rs. 2-. Special copper oxidized Rs. 10-. One phial revolver oil free with each order

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Acute or chronic—partial or all over the body—how long and what causes, cured radically and permanently in four weeks by our safe sure, world-wide reputed and tested Herbal home-treatment Guaranteed cent per cent success Particulars on request.

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Made in 3 strengths.

Price per container of 21 capsules of ordinary strength of NOVUM, Rs. 12-8-0; per container of 63 tablets, of strong NOVUM (Forte) tablets, Rs. 21-0-0; price per container of 21 red capsules, special extra strong strength, Rs. 50-0-0.

Also available in "special injection form" for advanced and unyielding cases of female complaints.

Take 'Novum' at the first sign of delay—and see how comfortably you sail through your difficult days!

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A significant combination, which represents what might well be termed a co-operative effort to secure for India that industrial development so indispensable to the full realisation of her future dreams.

You have heard of plans, many plans, in this connection. Now comes a positive, concrete and co-ordinated scheme to develop India's resources and raise the standard of living of the masses.

Devised by an Indian businessm an after a careful three-year study of American wartime achievements, it has secured the support and ready assistance of a group of businessmen with long experience and a firm faith in their country's destiny.

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4th WEEK

HIS WORDS ARE BULLETS

NEW THATRES' EPIC CREATION!

---WHICH PIERCE THROUGH THE HEARTS OF MAMMON—WORSHIPPERS! .....

HAMRAHI

RADHA MOHAN, BINOTA BOSE, Bhupen Kapur, Devi Mukerji

Direction: Photography and Screenplay:— BIMOL ROY

Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Sun. & Holidays at 1 p. m.

Advance Booking: 10 to 12 Noon

MINERVA

Music R. C. BORAL

Sandwiched between Mother & Fiancee

WHAT WILL HE DO?

WADIA'S GREAT SOCIAL

PIYA MILAN

Director: S. M. YUSUF

MOTILAL, NIRMALA, NAJMA

J.B.H. WADIA Production

Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. Holidays 1 p.m.

Advance Booking: 10 to 12, 4 to 6

KRISHNA DUBASH THEATRE 1st GRAND WEEK

RANJIT Presents:

KHURSHID, CHANDRAMOHAN & KAJJAN

in

MUMTAZ MAHAL

Director: KIDAR SHARMA

NEXT CHANGE AT:

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

He Loved Her: She Sympathised With Him

UNITED FILMS' Social

BHAIJAN

Director: S. KHALIL

Music: SHYAM SUNDER

NURJEHAN, SHAH NAVAZ, MEENA, KARAN DIWAN.

2nd BIG WEEK

Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun., Holi. 1-15 p.m.

Reservation: 10 to 12, 4 to 6.

IMPERIAL DIAMOND Release.

The King And The Queen

together with the PRINCE OF WALES allowed themselves to be sold off in a PUBLIC AUCTION? Why? It was just

to Honour the PLEDGE given by the King! He was Raja Harischandra KING of AYODHYA Learn the Story of his queen in

रमणिक चित्र नागानंद दिग्दर्शक: राजा नेने

EMBARRASSING THE USURPERS!

ROXY Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sun. Matinee 1 p. m. 3 THIRD HOUSE-FUL WEEK

(Plans open: 9-30 to 12 and 3.30 to 6)

CHARLIE Is so Crazy

SWARNALATA Is So Sweet In ASIATIC PICTURES' LAUGH-BLITZ

CHAND TARA

Plans open: 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5 p.m. Daily: 4, 7, 9.45 p.m.

JOIN THE CROWDS AT

CAPITOL

Bombay Release Thru DAWLAT CORPORATION A 'SCREENS' RELEASE

11TH WEEK

MURARI'S MYTHOLOGICAL

SHREE KRISHNARJUN YUDDHA

Direction:— MOHAN SINHA at

NOVELTY

4, 7, 10: Sunday 1 p.m.

Ad. Booking: 10-30 to 12, 4.30 to 6

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Wonderful Remedies

GREY HAIR

Don't use dyes! Use our Ayurvedic scented oil and let your grey hairs turn black up to 60 years. Your eyesight will be improved and headache cured. If a few hairs has turned grey, then buy a phial for Rs. 2|8|-. if more, then buy a phial for Rs. 3|8|- if almost all then purchase one phial for Rs. 5|-. Double price will be refunded in case of failure.

WHITE LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

A few days' application of this medicine will show wonderful effect in White Leprosy and Leucoderma. Get rid of these horrible diseases by application of this medicine in spite of failure by hundreds Hakims, Doctors, Kavirajs and advertisers. Price Rs. 2|8|- for 15 days.

MIRACULOUS HERB

The mere sight of it cures at once, serious scorpion-bites, of hornests and bees also. It cured lakhs of sufferers. Keep it for hundreds of years and its efficacy is unaffected. Price Re. 1- per root, 3 for Rs. 2|8|- only. BABU BRIJNANDAN SAHAI, B.A., B.L., Advocate, Pana High Court, writes: "I have tried "Scorpion Bite Cure" herb and have found it very efficacious. One small root can be used for curing hundreds. It is a useful and innocent herb and deserves public patronage."

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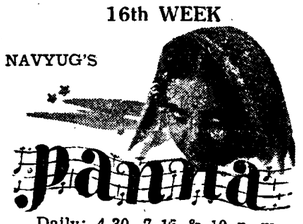
16th WEEK

NAVYUG'S



Daily: 4.30, 7-15 & 10 p. m. Sunday 1-45 p. m.

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DEEWAR

Fri., Sat., Sunday at 9-30 a. m.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

To avoid Black-Marketing only Two tickets per head will be issued — BOOK EARLY

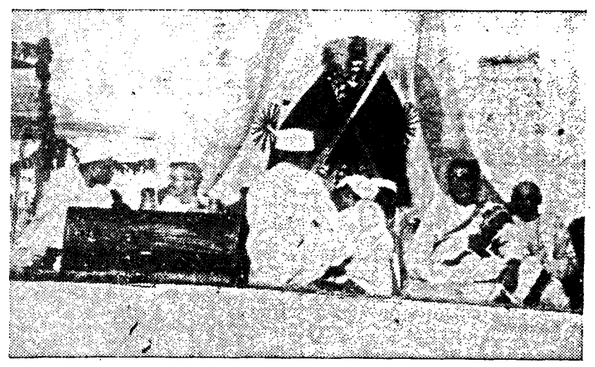
ZENANA SHOW

TO-DAY AT 1-15 P.M. 19th Week—NAVIN'S

BHARATHARI

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

Royal Opera House



Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, Dr. P. C. Ghosh, Mr. T. Prakasam, Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya snapped at the A. I. C. C. meeting.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 5, 2001
Muslim: Shavval 18, 1364
Parsi: Farvardin 23, 1315
Sunrise: 7-29 a.m., Sunset: 7-32 p.m.
Hightide: 3-52, 15-46, Lowtide: 9-40, 21-56

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose's address at Green's 6-15 p.m.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

Domestic Occurrence

UTHAMANA CEREMONY

Mrs. Revabahen, wife of Rao Bahadur Thakorlal Chunilal Kantavalla, expired on Tuesday morning. The Uthamana Ceremony will take place on Wednesday, the 26th September 1945, at 6-30 P.M. (N.S.T.) at "Vasant" 9th Road, Khar.

To-day's Engagements

RADICAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY: Public meeting at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, at 6-30 p.m. to-day. Mr. M. N. Roy will speak on "Coming Elections". Central Political Council of the All-India R.D.P. meeting at Laxmibaug, New Bhatwadi, Girgaum, to-day between 9 and 12 noon.

THE TATA POWER CO., LTD: Ordinary general meeting at 4-30 p.m. (N.S.T.) to-day.

BOMBAY METALLURGICAL SOCIETY: An ordinary meeting to-day, at 6-45 p.m. at the conference Hall of the B.E.S.T. Co.'s Electric House at Colaba, when Mr M. S. Rege, Metallurgist, Devidayal and Sons, will deliver a lecture on "some aspects of copper casting for subsequent working".

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION: Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas on Dr. Besant, her life and work in the Besant Hall, Bhavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day at 6-45 p.m. (S.T.).

BHATIA STREE MANDAL: Acharya Kripalani will address a meeting of the Bhatia Stree Mandal, at Prabhudas Kohari's Wadi, Mint Road, Fort, to-day at 4 p.m. on "Gandhiji's Constructive Programme".

BOMBAY PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: "Informal meeting (members only) in the Wilson College at 6 p.m. to-day. The Hon'ble Justice Sir Harsidhbhai Divatia is the guest of honour."

MAZDAZNAN: Lecture on "Man Visible and Invisible" illustrated by magic lantern slides by Prof. R. S. Bhagwat to-day at 6-15 p.m. at Mazdaznan Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road.

RECEPTION TO S. C. BOSE: Under the joint auspices of Gumastas and Kamgar Mandal a public meeting be held at Chowpatty to-day at 5-30 p.m. to give reception to Sjt. Sarat Chandra Bose, R. S. Ruikar, H. V. Kamath, Lala Shankar Lall, Sheel Bhadra Yajee, Dr. Patwardhan and Satya Narain Bajaj and other Forward Bloc leaders recently released from Jail.

SILK MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION: To-day at 10-30 a.m. Sjt. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will pay a visit to the Association, Kalbadevi.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND: Grand total on September 25, 1945, Rs. 2,84,04,731-15-3.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Flora Fountain. Question and Answer Meeting with short talk on "A League of Humanity" 6-15 p.m. to-day.

Jawahar To Address States Workers

A meeting of workers of Indian States coming from different parts of India will be held at 9 a.m. to-day at Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the President, of the All-India States' People Conference, will address the meeting. Only Indian States' workers connected with States' People's Organisations are requested to attend.

Congress Diamond Jubilee Essay Competition

To commemorate the Diamond Jubilee of the Indian National Congress, the Freedom Group has decided to run an Essay Competition and to award two prizes of Rs. 500 and Rs. 300 to the writers of the best and second best essays on the following subject. The entries must be submitted in English or Hindustani and shall not exceed 10,000 words in length. Every competitor shall send two copies of his essay, written or typed on one side of the paper to reach not later than 31st December 1945.

The subject of the competition is: "The contribution made by the Indian National Congress to political, social and economic progress both in India and in the world."

Entries should be sent either to Prof. P. A. Wadia, Hormazd Villa, Cumballa Hill, Bombay, 26 or to Mr. M. J. Gazdar, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay 1.

MORE PAPER FOR ELECTIONEERING

In view of the impending elections to the Central and Provincial Legislatures, the Government of India has empowered Provincial Paper Controllers to grant reasonable facilities for the publication of leaflets, pamphlets, posters, etc., by political parties and individuals in connection with their electioneering campaigns. Applications from Bombay Province should be addressed to the Paper Controller, Bombay. The quantity of paper allotted will be outside the quota of paper admissible to printers under the Paper Control (Economy) Order.

POST-WAR REFORM—FOR ANIMALS TOO!

Move For All-India Conference: 'World Animal Day' On Oct. 4

Messrs. Bhagat Ram, (Animals' Friend Society, Ludhiana), R. B. Dahyabhai A. Patel, (S.P.C.A., Ahmedabad), M. S. Sirdar, Bar-at-Law, (A.W.S., Sholapur), Dr. V. V. Athalye, (Satara) and Mr. M. V. Appa Rao, (S.P.C.A., Ganjam, Berhampur), have issued a joint appeal on behalf of the dumb animals, in the course of which they state:—

"To build up better human attitudes is the aim of all thoughtful persons. Post-war reconstructions in different fields of human life are being seriously considered all the world over. Shall we not remember our innocent animal brothers and sisters at this juncture?

"Our love of justice and mercy revolts against the multifarious ill-treatment which the animals have been receiving. Our revolt should now be transformed into some united action. Let our awakened conscience, our good will and our sense of moral and spiritual values rise up to plan an All-India movement for the amelioration of the lot of the poor animals.

We have no all India magazine nor have we yet organised All-India Conferences wherein we may discuss our schemes (which are for the present isolated ones) for the good of animal brothers and sisters. We, therefore, humbly request all who would read this appeal to observe the coming World Animal Day (4th October) at their places in various manners they can, and to write to any one of us how best we in India can henceforth unite in this noble work. Every suggestion will be carefully considered by us, and we hope all suggestions put together will lay the foundation of our enduring co-operation. Let us no longer work in isolation."

Sale Of Charcoal For Producer Gas Plants Restricted

The Government of Bombay considers it desirable to restrict the sale of ordinary charcoal, meant for domestic purposes, to owners of lorries and cars fitted with producer-gas plants in Bombay City and the Suburban Districts. Owners of such vehicles should purchase their requirements of the charcoal specially meant for use in producer-gas plants from Messrs. Contractor, Sons and Company, Hardinge House, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay, who are approved Government Contractors. The price of this charcoal is Rs. 120 for 100 cubic feet by volume.

Municipal Act Amendment

To enable municipalities in the Greater Bombay area to destroy stray dogs, the Government of Bombay proposes to amend the Bombay District Municipal Act and the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act. The draft of the proposed amending Bill has been published in the "Bombay Government Gazette." Objections or suggestions in respect of it should be submitted to the Secretary, General Department, Government of Bombay, by November 1.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, SEPT 26.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. News (H) 8.15 News (E), 8.30 G. M. Durrani. 8-45 Viola. 8-50 News (M). 9.0 News (G). 9-10 To-morrow 9-15 Gangubai Hangal. 9-45 Instr. Melodies. 12-30 p.m. Songs (G). 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12.55 News (H). 1-0 Variety. 1-30 News (E) 1.40 Music. 2-30 Break for Lunch (H) 4.20 Hori-Dhamar. 4-50 Shambhulal Moghalal 5-5 S. B. Deshpande. 5.35 Sitar. 5-45 Topical Talk. 5.55 Locals. 6-0 Gangubai Hangal. 6-30 News (E). 6.40 News (H) 6-45 Shambhulal Moghalal (G). 7.0 Latest Indian Films (H) 7-15 G. M. Durrani 7.30 Marathi Prog. (B. B. C.). 8-0 Music from Film 8.15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Kritanek Namaskar 8-55 String Music. 9 0 News (H). 9 20 News (E). 9-30 B. B. C News. 9-40 Nayaki Kanada 9-45 March of Events 10-0 AIR Orchestra. 10-15 G. M. Durrani. 10-30 Gangubai Hangal

TO-DAY'S FEATURES: To-day (Wednesday), at 10 p.m., A. I. R., Bombay presents on 61.48 m the Salon Orchestra in a programme of light music. Listeners interested in serious Indian music will hear Gahgubai Hangal sing at 9.15 a.m. and at 6 p.m on 244 and 41.44 m and at 10-30 p.m.; on 244 m. only. A programme of light music will be represented by G. M. Durrani whose recitals will be broadcast at 8.30 a.m.; 7-15 p.m. and 10-15 p.m.

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Best cure for all diseases of children used throughout India for the last 30 years. Sold at all Chemists or write to:—

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Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits ...	U. S. $	235,795,423.54
Deposits	U. S. $	4,503,103,516.94
Total Assets	U. S. $	4,776,195,345.19

FIGURES AS OF JUNE 30, 1945.

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To maintain Ribbons ever-new and have the service of 6 new ribbons with one old ribbon. Spend Re. 1/- and save Rs. 12/-.

Trade discount 12 1/2 p.c. on 1 dozen tins. Packing and Postage free for 1 dozen tins.

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Grams "SITECOMPY". Phone "2417"

THE WHEEL IS TURNED

During those eventful days of 1914-1918 India faced a serious shortage of essential medicines. Supplies of Sera and Vaccines, wholly imported till then, were discontinued. Thousands of patients died for want of proper remedies. Can a more helpless state of affairs be imagined?

And this tragedy lasted till Bengal Immunity Co. Ltd., emerged in 1919 to completely reverse the picture.

INDIA PRODUCES HER OWN AND ALSO EXPORTS

SERUM & VACCINE

BENGAL IMMUNITY CO. LTD. CALCUTTA.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Sept. 25. (A.P.I.)

Following is the daily weather chart, showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall during the past 24 hours from January 1, 1945, and departure from normal recorded at 9 hours (I.S.T.) on September 25, 1945:—

Abu 68 65 0.8 76.8 plus 16.6 Allahabad 94 79 P 31.8 minus 5.8 Amraoti 86 72 0.1 33.3 plus 3.9 Bombay 87 77 0 86.8 plus 196 Calcutta 92 78 T 38.0 minus 17.9 Cawnpore 93 77 0 22.2 minus 10.4 New Delhi 97 740.5 26.9 plus 2.1 Hyderabad (Dn.) 90 74 0 25.3 plus 0.5 Hyderabad (Sd.) 100 83 0 2.9 minus 3.9 Jacobabad 100 81 0 56 plus 2.3 Jamshedpur 95 790 47.3 — Jubbulpore 89 73 0 60.6 plus 6.7 Karachi 86 77 0 6.4 minus 1.0 Lahore 81 71 0 20.1 plus 1.7 Lucknow 91 78 0 30.3 minus 7.1 Madras 95 79 0.1 20.2 plus 2.6 Mysore 85 65 0 20.7 Minus 0.4 Nagpur 90 73 0 52.6 plus 7.7 Patna 94 82 0 33.4 minus 9.5 Surat 83 75 0.9 68.7 plus 29.5

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Praising the past and doing nothing in the present would not take them an inch further. They had become static and stagnant in India. The first thing they had to do was to get moving in the flowing river. Then alone they would benefit by the immortal past. The test of youth was action.

—Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru.

The Bombay Chronicle

EDUCATION IN BOMBAY

The report on public instruction in Bombay Province in 1943-44 shows very slow progress. The total number of pupils in all kinds of educational institutions increased only by 37,000 to 1,846,740, that is by 2 per cent; which, allowing for an increase of population by about 1 per cent., is very slow progress indeed. In fact the position is much worse than is indicated by these figures. The small increase during the year is eclipsed by the fact that even the increased figure of 1,846,740 is actually less than the figure for 1941-42 which was 1,855,000. The position is worse still with regard to the number of educational institutions of all kinds, which was 22,154 in the year under report, as against 22,582 in 1942-43 and 22,751 in 1941-42. The excuse for the steady decrease is "the closure of ill-attended primary schools and adult education classes." A more frank explanation is that the authorities concerned either do not make any attempt to attract more pupils to the ill-attended schools or are incapable of enlisting more co-operation from the public. When there are lakhs of children of school-going age out of school and millions utterly illiterate, a decrease in the number of schools and pupils betrays something seriously wrong in the educational system.

Indeed, the Director of Public Instruction, who submits the report under review, seems to be uneasy about the pressure on schools of whatever increase there has been in the number of pupils in recent years. "The rapid growth", he says, "in the number of scholars noted in previous years continues and the pressure on existing educational institutions is becoming alarming. With the growth in numbers there has not been any change in the general condition and tone of our educational institutions including University Colleges, and efficiency is bound to suffer if our school pupils and college students are not given the individual attention they are entitled to." Instead of being alarmed at the pressure on schools as a result of an increase in the number of pupils and instead of reducing the number of primary schools, Government should see that the increase in high schools and colleges, keeps pace with the increase in the number of primary schools and pupils and that every district has at least one college and every taluka has at least one industrial school.

Most deplorable is the continued inadequacy of technical schools and colleges. The report points out that "the engineering, technical and industrial schools were 90, and the number of students increased by 1,119 to 5,901" The increase by nearly 24 per cent in the number of students in one year is indicative of a veritable clamour for technical education. But the supply of technical schools is utterly inadequate to the demand. A most glaring instance of this inadequacy is that there is only one Engineering College for the whole province, whereas there should be at least four, one for every Division and one for Bombay City. The number of students attending technical institutions can be doubled and trebled in two or three years if a sufficient number of institutions are started within that period. And investment on such institutions by Government and the public is more paying than on others as they help to promote industries and increase wealth. The report states: "For the technical Training Scheme introduced by the Government of India career masters have been appointed in a good many institutions to encourage lads to take to a technical career. Twenty Assistant Deputy Educational Inspectors were appointed during the year to popularise the scheme in rural areas. These officers attempt to explain to the parents the opportunities which the Scheme offers but the progress made has not been very encouraging". We should like to have full particulars about the scheme to see whether the scheme or its promoters are at fault. Whatever may be the position in the rural areas, we are certain, that many new industrial schools are sure to thrive in urban areas of any industrial importance. And, speaking generally, there is room for at least one technical school of a high school grade in every district and for at least one technical institute of University grade in every Division of the Province. From every point of view technical education of varying types and grades deserves a great deal more attention from Government and the public than it has so far received.

Frankly Speaking

Planned Reconstruction

The Congress Working Committee has made timely suggestions to Government about the proper use of demobilised soldiers, of labour employed for war work and also of the numerous buildings erected all over the country for war purposes. The essential idea about employing men thrown out of work by the end of the war is that they should not throw others out of employment. If fresh employment is to be found for millions without prejudice to the millions now employed, it is necessary that large and varied industries should be started suited to civilian or peace economy. This is a huge problem and can be solved only along with several other kindred ones as part of a vast National Plan.

The same may be said about the use of the large number of hospitals, training camps, farms and dairies, factories and workshops brought into existence for war purposes. The Committee rightly suggests that all these buildings and concerns should be used, with necessary alterations, for more or less similar purposes for civilian use, or for the purpose of promoting the health and education of the people. This again is best done only in connection with varied reconstruction programmes forming part of a vaster National Plan. To frame a suitable plan and to implement it is a tremendous task which demands the co-operation of millions of the public under a popular Government that has full power to finish the whole job. The present Government seems to be merely tinkering with it.

Atom Bomb's Challenge

With the development of long-range aircraft, both piloted and pilotless, and of the Atomic bomb, the world has got to be "one world" in the spirit of genuine international unity if it is to survive. The Atom bomb has actually invested Wendell Wilkie's ideal with challenging reality. But the world, the world, that is, of great powers, has thought fit to ignore that challenge. Even to-day the Great Powers prefer to be guided by individual self-interest, mutual rivalries, spheres of influence and balance of power. The principle of territorial zones and blocs is reigning supreme where true internationalism should have done. These conflicts, dangerous to peace among the Big Powers themselves and thus to world peace, tend by their very nature to intensify also the dangers to the future of exploited countries and continents. For, among the consequences of power-politics is the inevitable continuation of the subjection of Asia and Africa and even an increase in it, unless it is resisted.

An Asiatic Federation

Therein lies not only the justification but also the urgent necessity of the formation of an Asiatic Federation, as suggested by Mr Sarat Chandra Bose. The idea was, as Mr. Bose recalls, mooted almost a quarter of a century ago. It originated fundamentally from the urge to free Asia from European domination and to defend that freedom against any assault by Europe. The passage of nearly twenty-five years has not improved the situation of Asia. Indeed, what is happening to-day after the victorious end of the so-called democratic war and what the victors are doing prove that the situation so far from being improved presents, in a sense even more serious dangers to the future of Asia. The need for an Asiatic Federation is, therefore, urgent and live. And India is the country which should take the lead in advocating its formation. It must, however, be emphasised again that Asia's unity will be defensive and not aggressive. Asia has no designs on any one else on the ground either of trusteeship, or "common interests" or even security.

Truth About Indo-China

Nothing is easier and more tempting for imperialism than to give any anti-imperialist development in South-East Asia the name of Japanese inspiration and seek to damn it. This method is being tried in Indo-China for all it is worth. The people of Indo-China have no wish to revert to the status of French Colonial subjects. They have no use for the French offer which is semi-freedom in name and continued subjection in fact. They want to be sovereign and independent in a country which is theirs. This is the simple truth of the situation. Knowing that restoration of peace would inevitably mean the restoration of their pre-war French colonial status, they have tried to forestall their misfortune and taken the matter of their freedom in their own hands But that obviously could not suit the French or their Allies.

Why Not Plebiscite?

The nationalist leaders of Indo-China, taking advantage of the collapse of Japan, decided to act. They took over the government of the country and installed themselves at Saigon. The French, thought they could finish them off by denouncing them as bandits and communists. When this failed a "coup d'etat" was carried out by, we are told, principally French ex-prisoners at Saigon. The occupying authorities, the British, are reported to be neutral in the struggle between the French and the Annamese. But even if the Annamese had been given arms by the Japs, the interesting question arises: Whence came the arms for the French? The French claim that the "revolt" was confined to the capital and a few other cities and that the rest of the country is loyal. They have already arrested as a result of their 'coup d'etat' hundreds of Annamese leaders. And we have no doubt that when regular French divisions arrive the claim that Indo-China prefers French subjection to freedom will be proved by—force of arms. A great betrayal of democracy is thus imminent and we wonder why Britain, America and China should allow it. It ought to be a moral obligation of theirs to ensure that the principle of democracy prevails. And the best and fairest method is to ask for the free will of the people under international auspices.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Love has made a fool of many a man who was considered wise.

*

If a woman is willing to let a man talk it is because she has nothing to tell.

*

Practice may not make a lawyer perfect, but enough of it may make him rich.

*

Some men think they are getting ahead if they keep from getting any worse off.

*

The individual who walks fastest when going to lunch usually walks slowest when going back to work.

*

Some political candidates lose out because they are unknown and some because they are too well-known.

Indian Labour In Ceylon

Demand For Justice: Desai Optimistic About London Mission

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 24

Mr. H. M. Desai, leader, Ceylon Indian delegation has left for Paris to attend the world T.U.C. Before leaving London he conferred with George Hall, Colonial Secretary, Sir George Cater, Permanent Secretary, Colonial Office; Sir Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Arthur Henderson, Sir Drummond Shield, Sir Edward Stubb, ex-Governor of Ceylon and also Lord Wavell.

Mr. Desai has reason to believe that Mr. Hall was impressed by the case put before him about the position of Indians in Ceylon. He has no doubt that Mr. Hall will bear in mind the catalogue of discriminations against Indians by the present Board of Ministers in Ceylon and take necessary measures to remedy the situation.

Interviewed Mr. Desai said, everyone here was impressed by the fact that on the question of Indo-Ceylonese relations, there was no difference of opinion in India among the Indian people, Indian Press and the Government of India. This unanimity in India was most helpful and they were especially most grateful to Dr. Khare and Mr. M. S. Aney for the great help they had rendered to Indians in Ceylon. They agree entirely with Pt. Nehru. Theirs was a very minor question. Once India was free, their problem was automatically solved but they came to Britain to warn British Government against the dire consequences that were bound to follow the present steadily worsening position of the Indian community in Ceylon. They had come there to tell every one that it was entirely due to the efforts of the Indian community that Ceylon today was a smiling island. They had no doubt that the time came when Ceylon raised a permanent memorial as an act of gratitude to Indians whose efforts had done enormous good and brought prosperity to Ceylon. Although Indian labourers had made sacrifices, they had been refused political franchise, village franchise and treated as members of a floating liquid population. The attitude of Ceylon Ministers was such that they wanted Indian workers to produce things for them and then hand them over to Ceylonese and Europeans when these Indian workers become old and infirm they were being thrown away as sucked oranges.

In Britain, assistance rendered to them, by Messrs. Reginald Sorensen, William Dobbie and W. G. Cove had been useful.

After returning from Paris, Mr. Desai will address members of Parliament and then leave for India about October 10.

Smuts To Meet Indian Delegation

PRETORIA, Sept. 25 (Reuter). Prime Minister Smuts has agreed to meet a delegation from the Natal Municipal Congress and the Durban City Council, on October 12 to discuss the Indian question in Natal. Field-Marshal Smuts will meet a delegation from the Durban Wards Association and a delegation from the Natal Indian Congress on the same day.

Strictly Feminine!

IMPRESSIONS OF THE A. I. C. C.

By LEELA JOG

"Are you going to the A.I.C.C.?"—asked many an office and college girls and also hundreds of housewives when the session of the A.I.C.C. was in the air, and quick came the reply, "Yes, of course."

"But what will you do there?" objected an elderly man who was by no means anti-feminist or anti-nationalist. He was a progressive and also a Congress nationalist himself. Perhaps the only explanation of this rather odd question might be that he was one of those who had had their fill already.

* * *

"What will you do in the A.I.C.C.?"—What does one do at a pilgrimage? One does not merely pray—that could be done more devoutly in the quiet sanctuary of one's own home. But at the pilgrimage one does something more than that; one shares the joys and emotions of others. For some time at least you become one with the thousands who come from hundreds of miles, despite strain and discomfort.

A visit to the A.I.C.C. session, however, was more than a pilgrimage to the holy shrines. It was an offering of homage to our patriot leaders who had considerably aged through the three years of travail and suffering which the country had seen. Despite the blinds and fortified stone walls, there had struck every time a responding chord in those ever free souls.

Was it then strange that people should throng in thousands when their beloved leaders came in their midst after the dark days of repression and ravage?

* * *

Against the background of the cloudy sky the huge gate at the main entrance painted in glistening lead, and bearing in its arch the national emblem *charkha* painted in golden colour, presented an imposing sight. The far-flung pandal shimmering with electric bulbs and festooned with garlands of leaves and flowers in the tri-colour scheme spoke abundantly for the aesthetic sense of the decoration committee, who till the last remained in the background, to the great chagrin of the cynic who said that they themselves would serve as the main decoration!

However, what struck one most in the pandal was the smart corps of Sevikas, who were determined to maintain discipline in the vast gathering, while their officers in red blouse and white sari were busy instructing them from time to time. And their G.O.C. in Kesari was constantly on the move keeping a vigilant eye.

In rain and mud the Sevikas held to their posts hours on end, along with their brother volunteers who manfully managed the impatient crowds at the approaches to the pandal.

And they were no doubt richly rewarded when no less a person than the President himself paid them a glowing tribute in his almost inspired valedictory speech.

* * *

A couple of decades ago the A. I. C. C. was an affair of men, but now when the Indian National Congress was entering its sixtieth year, it was only proper that hundreds of women should come to attend the historic session and a sprinkling of them was to be seen even among the "chivalrous" gentlemen of the press!

In the special enclosure for the A.I.C.C. members were present five women members. Smt. Gandham Ammanaraja Garu of Andhra, Jotsna ben Shukla and Bhaktilakshmi Desai of Gujarat, Radhabai Subbaroyan Rukmani Lakshmipati from Tamil and Kamaladevi.

A sweeping glance at the closely packed women's section of the pandal clearly showed that they had assembled there as *interested* listeners. They perked their ears and craned their necks as the speakers appeared in front of the mike.

And as they fanned themselves and hushed their babies, they wondered which woman member of the A.I.C.C. sitting amongst the men in the special enclosure, would come forth to express her opinions on the important resolutions that were being discussed on the rostrum. But as the session progressed in the second and third day they began to have their doubts.

India's struggle for freedom had produced many a viliant woman fighter and leader. Our leaders, unlike leaders of other countries, have time and again acknowledged the important role of women in the nation's life. Why then, did they not participate in the discussion, except for Kamaladevi who moved an amendment to a resolution and subsequently withdrew it?

One hoped in vain till the last moment that Sarojini Naidu, the only woman member of the Working Committee at least would speak a few words. Time was when a speech of this Nightingale of India, was one of the most attractive features of such sessions. But now-a-days, alas! she seems to be there only as a fixture!

LEAGUE OUT TO FIGHT CONGRESS TOOTH & NAIL

False Stories Of Defection, 'Atrocities' On Muslims Are All Fair Means, Says Liaqat Ali

(From Our Correspondent.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 25.

The speeches by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel at the A.I.C.C. meeting in Bombay, asserting that the Congress would meet Muslim League leaders no more and that the Congress would do everything to satisfy the demands of Muslims and Pt. Nehru's promise to tour the Muslim Districts of U. P. to contact Muslim masses has been welcomed in almost all political circles here, particularly in Nationalist Muslim circles, though League circles are somewhat perturbed over the report.

The Leaguers are feeling nervous over the rural seats in the forthcoming elections, "This fight concerns the very life and death of the Muslim League. So it is the duty of all members of the League to achieve success by whatever means possible" is the gist of the instrument of instructions issued by Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan General Secretary, All-India Muslim League, in the course of the circular issued to all Provincial Leagues regarding forthcoming elections to Legislatures. The Provincial Leagues have been instructed to concentrate particularly on publishing reports of defections from Congress and Nationalist Muslim organisations and their joining League and in such a way that they may pass as correct. Thus such wrong reports of defections in U. P. have been published in far off provinces of Bombay and Madras and regarding Bombay in Northern India papers etc. Recently the Vice-President of the Momin Conference was reported to have joined the League whereas there is no Vice-President in the Momin Conference! Similarly news of the "Chronicle" editor Mr. Syed Abdulla Brelvi's joining the League was given out evoking immediate contradiction from Mr. Brelvi

Another instruction is to raise and take up Hindu-Muslim questions, wherever possible even at the risk of leading to communal riots as that would weaken Congress and Nationalist Muslim hold on the people and would strengthen the League and Hindu Mahasabha.

Another instruction says that large contingent of Moulvis and Hafizes have been sent out into the interior districts to propagate that all non-League Muslims are 'kafirs'.

ATROCITY STORIES.

All Provincial Leagues have been instructed to publish pamphlets giving out real or imaginary atrocities committed by Congress Governments against Muslims during the Congress regimes

The Central Parliamentary Board is publishing a series of pamphlets on living space for Muslims, League not responsible for Bengal famine, Sikandar-Hayat Pact, Achievements of League Ministries, place of minorities in Pakistan, benefits of Pakistan, Cripps talks and Simla conference etc.

Every Province has been asked to collect 20 lakhs for League election fund and Provincial Leagues have been authorised to give the League ticket even to non-Leaguers in places where the League has not any chances of success.

JOAD & MARTIN IN LONDON FIRE EPISODE

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, September. 25.

Late last night while Prof. C. E. M. Joad and Mr. Kingsley Martin were playing the game of chess fire broke out at 13 minutes to 10 in room No. 13 at Number 13 in Buckingham Street. The Charing Cross the evangelical library worth hundreds of pounds was destroyed and the game of chess disturbed both Players rushing for safety. Mr. Martin asked Prof. Joad, what do you save in the fire first"? Prof. Joad replied, "it all depends on what you mean by fire". But both in the end bundled some clothes into a couple of suitcases.

Mr. Martin specially chose some manuscripts.

Indian Mica Trade Delegation

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, September 25.

Indian Mica Trade Delegation arrived in Britain last week and is starting work on September 26. Meanwhile its leader, Mr. Chandmull Rajgarhia has been meeting local dealers and brokers and is having discussions with them.

"No Civil War In China"

Wedemeyer On Task Of Depositing 2,000,000 Troops To Japan

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25. (A. P. A.): There will be no civil war in China, said Lt.-Gen. Albert Wedemeyer, Commander of the U. S. Forces in China, at a press conference on his return from Chungking. He added "the task remaining requires us to assist the Chinese in disarming and deporting to Japan approximately two million troops widely distributed in China".

Wedemeyer said 3,50,000 American troops in the China-Burma-India theatre were being processed for return home. He estimated most of them would be back in the United States by spring

Noon's Mission To Quetta

LAHORE, Sept. 25 (U.P.I.): Sir Firoze Khan Noon left for Quetta this morning and it is learnt that Sir Firoze will acquaint Mr. Jinnah with the trend of his talks he had with Malik Khizr Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, regarding the League-Unionist rapprochement.

Sir Firoze will decide, it is further learnt, the future coure of his action.

Egypt Premier's Demand

"No Justification For Presence Of Foreign Troops"

ALEXANDRIA, Sept 24 (Reuter) The Egyptian Prime Minister Mahmud Fahmy Nokrashy Pasha to-day emphasised the Egyptian Government's demand for the evacuation of British troops from Egyp, and reconstitution of the Anglo-Egyptian treaty into an alliance between the two countries.

"The international situation does not in any way justify the presence of foreign troops in this country", he said in an exclusive interview with Reuter.

"Other Allies are in the process of leaving. I am convinced that the final British evacuation will be in the best interests of both the countries, and an alliance based on this principle will develop the existing good relations and cooperation between the two countries.

"We claim our rights and insist on this evacuation, but at the same time we are more than anxious not only to maintain but greatly to develop our long-standing friendship with Britain.

"This must be based, however, on an alliance between two sovereign states and not take the form of placing one partner in a subordinate position".

TEST OF GOOD FAITH.

Prime Minister Nokrashy Pasha would not commit himself when asked whether he thought a realignment of power on the shores of the Mediterranean and especially the possible emergence of Russia as a participator in the trusteeship over former enemy territory would affect Egypt's international relations.

He emphasised, however, "We have set forth our views with regard to the future of Libya in our memorandum to the 'Big Five". Any solution of the problem of former Italian colonies which can be described as a just and fair solution will be in accordance with the principles we set forth in this memorandum, acceptance of which may be the test of good faith of the Great Powers.

"But Italy must never again be given opportunity and means of attacking Egypt from African bases".

EVACUATION AS BASIS.

Asked whether he would negotiate transforming of the Anglo-Egyptian treaty into an alliance, while British soldiers were still on Egyptian soil, and whether he thought the Labour Government of Britain would be more sympathetic to the aspirations of Egyptian independence than the Conservative administration might have been, the Prime Minister replied: "We are certainly willing to negotiate at once, but evacuation must be the basis of the negotiations.

As for the second question, considering that the war has ended and in view of the ideals for which the United Nations have fought, the advent of the Labour Government in Britain promises speedier realization of these ideals.

I can say for certain that all Arab States are imbued with sentiments of friendship and co-operation with Britain—on the basis, however, of safeguarding their individual independence and their complete territorial integrity."

Prime Minister Nokrashy Pasha added that though his Government wished to develop purely Egyptian industries, they were quite willing to welcome foreign industries and capital whether from Britain, the United States, British Dominions or European countries.

PARSEES RECOGNISE CONGRESS IDEAL

Sidhwa Says Community Is Part And Parcel Of Indian Nation

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Rustom K. Sidhwa, leader of the Congress Party in the Sind Assembly, addressing the Freedom Group on "Parsees and the Coming Elections", this evening, in the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, congratulated the Parsees in general for having recognised Congress ideals as their own.

Continuing, he said that in India the minority question was not construed in a political context but in reference to the number of those who professed different religions. He added "Parsees, who form a minority community, have been progressing towards democracy and the ideals of the Indian National Congress. The Congress demands for its successful working the willing acquiescence of the minorities and the Parsees form a part and parcel of the Indian nation."

It was Dadabhai Naoropi who first inaugurated the ideal much earlier than Mahatma Gandhi who preached and practised it much later. The speaker emphasised that Parsees should not think that their rights and interests were not safe because the majority community did not share their religion and that they could not properly understand or do justice to their point of view of legislation and administration.

He added: "It is quite clear that Parsees have realised that they form a part of the Indian nation and their grievances could be redressed within the frame-work of the Congress Government."

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad was immensely pleased when the Freedom Group sent a wire to Mr. Amery, the former Secretary of State for India, that Parsees did not require separate electorates and that they were one with the demands of the Indian National Congress. This wire reached Mr. Amery, Mr. Sidhwa added, at a time when he raised certain objections to the Congress demand on the grievances of Mr. Jinnah with regard to the minority problem

At the Simla Conference, the speaker said, when Lord Wavell demanded the panel of names, the Congress had the name of a Parsee at the top of the list.

He concluded: "All the communities are longing for a free India so united as to be able to withstand the onslaught of any attempt at division.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Answering a question as to what he proposed to do to bring round non-League Muslim organisations, such as the Ahrars, Jamiat-ul-Ulema, and the Khaksars, Mr. Jinnah said that during the last three weeks he had appealed a number of times to all Muslims to join the League at this critical moment in the history of the Muslim nation, and many had already come and were still coming to the League fold. They had left the Congress and Government service. But there were those, Mr. Jinnah added, who were dishonest, and for them there was no remedy.

—Quetta Report.

* * *

"We are caught short, both of dollars and exports"—Sir Stafford Cripps

It is one of the most unique events in the history of "civilisation" that the British have been caught short of any thing.

* * *

Prince Liaquat Ali Khan has at last authoritatively defined the geography of Pakistan which is "the present provincial boundaries of the Punjab, Sind the N.-W. F. P. and Baluchistan in the north-west, Bengal and Assam in the north-east".

We hope the Friends of the Pakistan Union are now satisfied to the limits of the boundaries.

* * *

Incidentally, our attention has been drawn (by the Junior Col. League) that Prince Liaquat Ali Khan refers to Pakistan at one place as "states" and later as "state"

But there is really nothing to wonder at at this incongruity. The plural is as singular as the singular.

* * *

Anglo-India, criticising the A.-I.C.C. feels that "the treatment accorded to Muslim speakers on the ground that they were Communists did not promise well".

Quite clever, but rather stale, brother.

* * *

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent believes that the British Government is unlikely to act on the Egyptian Government's communique unless the matter is raised officially in the form of a note etc.

But when it is, the British Government will certainly act by taking no action.

* * *

There is a report to the effect that Britain and Russia have agreed to withdraw their troops from Iran, the only difference remaining to be settled being that Britain is ready to leave by December while Russia feels unable to do so before March.

Personally, we fully agree with the Russian view. It is one thing to deal with the easy problem of transferring armies and equipment from Europe to the Far East and starting a war against Japan exactly after three months of German surrender. But it is quite a different thing to transfer troops etc., from Iran to the U.S.S.R. Why, considering the great difficulties and complexities of-er—logistics a three months' period is absurdly impossible.

* * *

A pro-Franco correspondent asks a contemporary: "What is democracy? Is it other nations forcing their will on Spain?

No, of course not. That is why democracy objects to a Franco forced upon Spain by the will of Hitler and Mussolini.

FREEDOM THROUGH NON-VIOLENCE

Abdul Gaffar Khan On Success Of 'August' Movement

At the Brahman Samaj on Monday Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, the Frontier Gandhi, addressing the Karnatak members of A.-I.C.C. said that to serve humanity was to serve God, and this could only be done through non-violent means.

Referring to the days of the 1942 movement, the Frontier Gandhi said that the happenings during that upsurge proved that there was martial spirit not only in the Frontier men, but also in all classes of Indians. But there was some difference, and it was that while the Frontier people were martial they had equipments of violence too with them. Not only that, but also they were capable of greater violence. However violent incidents occurred elsewhere than in the Frontier Province. When he was referred to some incidents like this and was asked by his men why they also should not do the same, he said to them that by resorting to those methods they would be endangering the lives of their own fellowmen. Not only that, but also he was very confident that violence would not achieve anything and would be surely crushed. Independence could only be snatched from the hands of the British ruler through non-violent means.

Even the most ferocious type of violence should bow down its head before this mighty force. The British while they could suppress violence ruthlessly were so stunned that every attempt of theirs to crush this spirit of the people failed.

"I am one of the Mussalmans and I am with them and with the Hindu brethren. I am fighting the British bureaucracy for the emancipation of this land, the motherland of both the Hindus and Mussalmans." He said that the Muslim League had not done anything for achieving freedom for this country. They merely passed resolutions. "I do not believe", he added, "that resolutions could achieve independence. I am a realist and believe only in practical means."

India is clearly meant by nature to be one nation and the Parsees wholeheartedly support the one-nation theory."

Jawaharlal Urges Workers To Strengthen Congress

Says Loyalty To Trade Unions Not Enough

Hecklers Come To Parel Meeting To Scoff But Remain To Cheer

An exhortation to remember their paramount duty to strengthen the hands of the Congress by joining it 'en masse', in the same way as they had made their Trade Unions militant, was made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to a mammoth gathering of Bombay workers at the Kamgar Maidan on Tuesday evening.

The meeting which was organised by the Hindusthan Mazdoor Seva Sangh was attended by about 75 per cent of the city's workers. The local textile industry, workers of the two railways and the labour population of Bombay engaged in various industries and owing allegiance to different Trade Unions had mustered in such overwhelming numbers that the adjacent roads, roofs and terraces, not to forget the numerous trees were overcrowded with eager listeners.

In striking contrast to Congress volunteers, could be noticed a number of W.A.C.I.'s, who had rushed to the function post-haste in their uniforms to hear the nation's idol, Pandit Jawaharlal.

The exemplary behaviour of a considerable contingent of Communists and their sympathisers "who had come to scoff but remained to cheer" was attributed by the gathering to the magic of Pandit Nehru's personality.

The Pandit and Mr. Shankarrao Deo who presided, were profusely garlanded by various workers' organisations, some of whom even presented purses to Pandit Nehru for the Kamala Nehru Fund.

UNNATURAL CLASH

Mr. Shankarrao Deo said that any clash of interests between the nation and the working classes was unnatural, for the working classes were an integral part of the nation. Anyone who advised them to the contrary did not understand the rudiments of politics. What the Congress was asking for was the freedom of the country which meant the Government of the Mazdoors and the Kisans. He, who lost sight of this fundamental fact was "blind though he had eyes and deaf though he had ears."

When Pandit Jawaharlal rose to speak wild and uncontrolled cheering rent the air. Pandit Nehru said that the tremors and the conculsions that shook the country during the last three years had shown that there was a terrific new awakening in the nation and a superb strength that was undecayed, inspite of Governmental repressions and outrages.

QUESTION OF SURVIVAL

Continuing, he observed that a stagnant society indicated death. Society was forever changing and every revolution was the breaking of the fetters which dwarfed and hindered its growth. India, so hindered and so dwarfed by an alien rule of two centuries, required its independence for its growth, nay its very survival.

Swaraj was not indigenous capitalism. It was the Government of the people, without distinction of caste, community or provincial boundaries. Its benefits were universal and he would define the ideal Government as the one in which the Government and the people were one.

EVER-CHANGING.

Pandit Nehru further remarked that the Congress was an Evolutionary body. What Swaraj meant 35 years ago had a different connotation to-day. Now, it meant the Government of the people, by the people, for the people. It meant a Government in which the Mazdoors and the Kisans had a prominent voice. But what sort of a Government; an independent India would have paled into insignificance before the major issue of India's freedom.

Pandit Nehru castigated the irresponsible and autocratic rule of the Governors and the Viceroy and said that for sheer incompetence and corruption the Government at New Delhi was without parallel.

WORKERS' DUTY.

In a final appeal to the gathering Pandit Nehru said that their loyalty to Trade Union organisations was commendable. But it was not enough. They had a more important duty before them and that was to strengthen the hands of the Congress which stood for the freedom of one and all. It was in their own interests that they must enrol in their respective District Congress Committees and work for the Congress in the coming elections as the Congress had decided to contest the elections both at the Centre and the Provinces.

A sweeping victory for the Congress would indicate to the British Government as well as the world the will of the nation to freedom.

REPUBLICAN GOVT. NO SOLUTION

Spanish Pretender's Agent Says "Coup" Is Not Necessary

MADRID, September 25. (Reuter): A Republican Government as a solution to the Spanish dilemma is absolutely unsuitable, declared General of the Air Force Alfredo Kindelan, who is acting as the representative here for the Spanish Pretender, Don Juan, in an exclusive interview with "Reuter" to-day, cables Robert Papworth, "Reuter's" special correspondent.

Outlining the immediate Royalist political programme, General Kindelan described how the monarchist regime could take over the Government from General Franco "with extreme urgency" and added that he did not believe a military 'coup d'etat' was necessary for this purpose.

Monarchy would adopt the pre-civil war monarchical ideal of "God, Spain, Liberty and Justice", he added. The Civil War, he said, was a fight for the Royalist ideology against Republicans and Communists.

Questioned about the time in which he expected the Royalist restoration, General Kindelan said: "I would not prophesy; six months is suggested."

Army Lorries To Be Called In

Govt. Move To Relieve Calcutta Strike Situation

CALCUTTA, Sept. 25. (A.P.I.): The Labour Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Mr. M. K. Kripalani, replying to a question at a Press conference to-day, stated that the Government was considering the question of asking the military authorities to lend a number of lorries to alleviate the distress caused to the travelling public by the Calcutta tramway strike.

He added that although the strike was an illegal one, Government had not taken any action so far.

The Labour Secretary also assured the Press that everything possible would be done by Government to improve the transport position in the city.

Mr. Kripalani reiterated the Government's assurance that if the Calcutta Tramway Workers' Union agreed to refer their points of dispute to an adjudicator, Government would see that decision was arrived at in the shortest possible time.

He said that whatever might be the decision of the adjudicator, Government would enforce it on the company.

Workers' Terms For Resumption

At Press Conference held by the Vice-President of the Tramways Workers' Union, it was announced that the Union was ready to call off the strike provided a tribunal, consisting of such non-official public men as commanded the confidence of the workers and whose decision must be binding, was set up to hold an enquiry into the demands for one month's pay as 'Puja' bonus to all the employees and the reinstatement of three workers. The remaining 38 of the 40-point demands, it was stated, should be referred to adjudication subject to the conditions already agreed upon by Government. He also expressed misgivings in regard to the impartiality of an adjudicator appointed by Government with the approval of the company in view of the workers' past experience.

Calcutta Bus Services To Be Resumed

CALCUTTA, Sept. 25 (A.P.I.): The Calcutta transport strike situation is expected to be somewhat relieved tomorrow by the resumption of bus services.

Bus workers, who have been on strike for two days, decided at a meeting this evening to resume work to-morrow on certain conditions agreed upon between them and the Deputy Commissioner, Public Vehicles Department.

NEW GUINEA, Sept. 24 (U.P.A.)—Of the 2,500 Indian prisoners brought here in 1942, the Japanese are able to indicate the whereabouts of only twelve to the Australian Sixth Division, reports the United Press of America.

STOP PRESS

CEYLON TEA EXPORTS AT STANDSTILL

COLOMBO, Sept. 25. (A.P.I.): There is no improvement in the strike situation other than that workers from two or three more firms have joined the strikers. Since Saturday, it is stated export of tea and rubber have been at a standstill. But work in the harbour is being carried on while tramway service is also kept up with police protection.

GUNTUR PRESS WORKERS STRIKE

GUNTUR, Sept. 25. (A.P.I.): Workers in 12 printing presses in Guntur have struck work as their demand for enhanced dearness allowance has not been satisfied. The Secretary of the Printers Association has informed the Collector and the Superintendent of Police of the situation.

EX-PRESIDENT OF ARGENTINA ARRESTED

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 25. (Reuter): General Arturo Rawson, President of Argentina for one day in 1943, has been arrested on a charge of incitement to rebellion, states a war department "communique", issued here to-night.

FIRE IN DAVID SASSOON MILLS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A fire broke out in the Edward Sassoon Mills at Fergusson Road early this morning at about 4.45. Fire engines were immediately rushed to the spot and it took nearly three hours to bring the fire under control.

The fire is said to have occurred soon after the departure of night shift workers. So the fire brigade men could not get the help of the workers in time. The cause of the fire is not yet known. Damage estimated at Rs. 50,000 is reported to have been caused.

SAME OLD GAME AGAIN!

(Continued from Page 1)

their hands in pious horror and pretend that all their sincere efforts to hand over power to the Indians have been foiled by disagreement among Indian leaders.

The Cripps proposals suggested a workable scheme for a Constitution-Making Body. That proposal is now to be examined 'de novo'. The scheme of Federation was shelved in 1939 and, after nearly seven years, the question of whether and how a Constitution-Making Body is to be formed is to be the subject of fresh consultations. It would indeed be a miracle if anything but complete fiasco results from these consultations, judging from the manner in which they have been conducted in the past: With nobody, not even the Viceroy, owning the responsibility for reaching decisions and implementing them.

It is, then, in connection with an Interim Government at the Centre, the very ominous declaration that the new Government can only come into being if it has the support of the main Indian parties.

POSERS FOR GOVT.

Has the lesson of the Simla Conference and its sequel had no effect on British policy? Why should the British Government speak with mental reservations painfully transparent? Will they continue the 'status quo' after May next also, if one of the Indian parties is again unreasonably obdurate? Again, why should the installation of a new Government at the Centre await the completion of the provincial elections except it be that opportunity should be given to the Muslim League to increase its strength? The possibility of forming a new Government will apparently depend on Mr. Jinnah's pleasure. Perhaps the Viceroy has doubts as to what Mr. Jinnah's pleasure will be. Others, less wise, have not. The dissolution of the Legislatures months before the elections has made secure, autocratic rule in the majority of Indian provinces at least till April next year and who knows that circumstances may not arise necessitating further consultations—after the provincial elections and before Section 93 is removed—between the Viceroy, the Governors and the representatives of the elected members of the Provincial Legislatures as to the form of Provincial Government—whether a responsible Government as contemplated by the act of 1935 or not—which will be in accordance with the "Indian conceptions of the social, economic and political structure of Indian life."

The latest conception of our rulers seems to be to dig everything by the roots to see how their democratic system has fared in Indian soil. And what has happened to those manifold problems of post-war reconstruction, which figured so prominently when the Simla Conference was called and for the solution of which Indians, more representative and with adequate political backing, were considered so necessary?

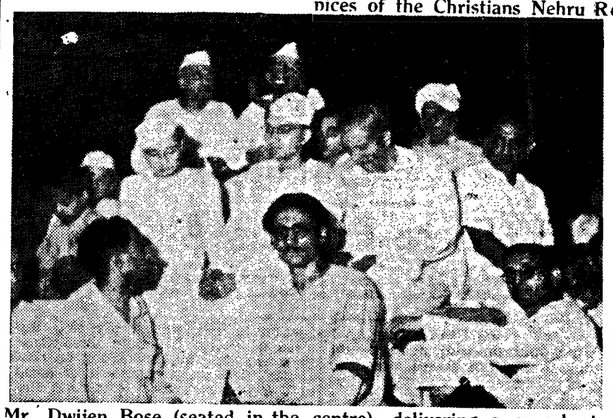
URGENT PROBLEMS

Has the cessation of the war dissolved these very urgent problems into thin air. Or has a feeling now grown that, with questions of such vital concern to Britain, as the sterling balances, the Indianisation of the officer ranks of the Indian Army, the stoppage of British recruitment to the Indian Civil Service and the Indian Police, the regulation of tariffs, the rapid industrialisation of India, especially the establishment of heavy industries and the like, it is wiser to rely on the present tried and safe team than to take risks with politicians who might, with inconvenient foolishness, place the interests of the country above their own? A humdrum Government functioning in a routine way, playing with planning for reconstruction and for a better standard of life and having, for this purpose, a limitless faith in committees and conferences on road communications, agriculture, public health, food and what not—how soothing this to the nerves of empire-sustainers compared to the unhealthy excitement of a Government that would talk of independence first and everything else afterwards! India is asked 'to play her full part in working out the new world order.' Surely, the present Executive Council can be implicitly trusted with this task under British guidance. Why should it matter if the peace conference and the first general Assembly of the World Organisation will have met months before the bringing into being of the new Executive Council! The car of State is now in reverse gear going rapidly to the rear. Can it be halted in its backward progress? Is there any hope of its ever moving forward?

PITHAPURAM YUVARANI JOINS CONGRESS

MADRAS, Sept. 25. (U.P.I.): The Yuvarani of Pithapuram, wife of the Yuvaraja of Pithapuram, has announced her intention to join the Congress. It is learnt that the Yuvarani has applied already to be enrolled as a Congress member. It would be recalled that recently the Yuvaraja joined the Congress.

Pt. Nehru addressing a public meeting of Christians at St. Xaviers College Gymkhana ground on Sunday held under the auspices of the Christians Nehru Reception Committee.



Mr. Dwijen Bose (seated in the centre), delivering a speech at a public meeting held under the auspices of the District Congress Committee, Lahore, in Kapurthala House, under the presidentship of Mr. L. Jagat Narain. Messrs. Shishir and Arvindo Bose, nephews of Subhas Bose, are also in the picture.

DWIJEN BOSE UNFURLS FLAG OVER BRADLAUGH HALL

Appeals To People To March Ahead Under Congress Banner

LAHORE, Sept. 25 (U.P.I.): The tricolour flew proudly over the Bradlaugh Hall to-day after more than three years and the office of the P.P.C.C. re-established. The Hall was sealed by the police in August, 1942, and it was released only recently in a damaged condition which the local Congressmen repaired it at a cost of Rs. 3,000.

Opening the Hall, Mr. Dwijen Bose, Mr. Subhas Bose's nephew, unfurled the National Flag which, he said, inspired thousands to go to jail and mount the gallows. He exhorted the people to sacrifice everything under the Congress banner proudly and fearlessly till freedom was won.

Mr. Aurabindo Bose, another nephew of Mr. Subhas Bose, appealed to the audience to fight hard for the release of all politicals and carry the Congress message to every village and hamlet.

IN VIEW OF ALLIED VICTORY

Indian National Army Men Must Be Granted Amnesty Says Punjab Premier

LAHORE, Sept. 25 (U.P.I.): Malik Khizr Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, in the course of a talk with Khan Bahadur Raja Fateh Khan of Rawalpindi, it is learnt, has expressed the view that although Indian officers and other ranks of the Indian National Army were some misled after having become prisoners of war, I most sincerely hope that in view of the splendid victory of the Allies and particularly in view of the glorious sacrifices of the martial province, the Punjab, the Imperial Government will extend a complete amnesty to all these persons.

Bengal Club Reception To Leaders

Some of the Congress leaders from Bengal who had come to Bombay to attend the A.-I.C.C. meeting were given a reception by the Bengal Club at Parel on Monday evening. Prominent among the guests were P. Surendra Mohan Ghosh, President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, Sjt. J. C. Gupta, Deputy Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, S. Makhanlal Sen, Sj. Amar Krishna Ghosh, Sj. Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, Sj. Abdul Sattar and Kumari Bina Das. For unavoidable reasons Sj. Sarat Chandra Bose, Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh and Sj. Kiran Shankar Roy were unable to attend.

Sj. J. C. Maitra, President of the Club, welcoming the distinguished guests, paid glowing tributes to their selfless services in the cause of the country. He expressed the hope that they would live long to contribute their devoted service and free the motherland from foreign domination.

Sj. Maitra pointed out that his club was open to the members of all communities who were interested in the Bengal literature in particular. During the last two years or so, they had made record studies in every respect and the speaker hoped that the club would have its own building in the near future as they have already purchased a plot for it.

Smt. Kalyani Bhattacharjee, associating herself with the remarks made by the President appealed to her compatriots to take greater part in public activities and associate themselves with the local people much more.

Sj. J. C. Gupta, speaking on behalf of all the guests thanked the members of the club for the honour they had done them. Wishing the club greater success in the future he hoped that their ambition to have a building of their own would materialise soon.

Sj. Abdul Sattar appealed to the members to have greater contact with all communities but Sj. Maitra pointed out that the club was conducting three important football tournaments at Parel for more than 15 years in which Indians and Europeans alike were participating.

After partaking of refreshments, the gathering dispersed late in the evening.

Students Fined For Observing Subhas Day

MIDNAPORE, Sept. 25 (U.P.I.): It is reported that for observing the Subhas Day after the death of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, the students of the top four classes of the Midnapore collegiate school, have been fined Re. 1 each.

Afternoon Session Of Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Sept. 25.

Unlike yestedray, the afternoon session on the Bombay Stock Exchange failed to show any run-away markets. The market fluctuated within a narrow range with scattered selling. The market re-opened with Tata Steel Dfds. quoted at Rs. 2,395/, and sagged to Rs. 2,375/-. Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 443/-. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 2,012/- and improved to Rs. 2,017/- but later declined to Rs. 2,003/-. Kohinoor changed hands at Rs. 616/- and Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 223/- Swadeshi Mills were placed at Rs. 576/-. Simplex Shares were done at Rs. 304/-, closing quotations at 6 p.m. were as under:—

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS IN ACTIVE SHARES

Tata Ordy. 442 41/8 44/8 43/8 42 39 40 38.

Tata Defd. 2392/8 90 87/8 86/8 95 97/8 92/8 90 88/12 70 67/8 73/12 75 70.

A. Cement 223/4 23/8 21/8 22/8.

B. Dyeing 2010 8/12 5 16 17/8 20 16/4 10 2/8 1998/12 90 2002/8 5 1998/12 1996/4.

Nagpur 403 3/8 5/8 6/8 4 1/8 2/8 2.

Gokak 305 6.

New Great 398 401 399 98.

Kohinoor 619 19/8 17/8 19 20 18/8 17 14/8 14-11 12/8 14/8 14.

Simplex 307 5 7/8 4/8 4 1/8 3 5 4.

Swadeshi 577 76 77 68 71 73 73/8.

Swan 315/8 315.

Indore 707/8 10 15 16 13/12 2/8 7/8 6/4.

Scindia 38/3 38/5 38/2.

Sholapur 7225 XD.; Bharat 60; Reserve 140; Model 255; Sassoon Cotton 23/8; Podar 342/8; Colaba 248/8; Morarji 742/8; Steamer 611/4; Shivrajpur 52; Central 86. E. U. Ordy. 14/3. Defd. 2/14/6.

Chicago Grains Higher

CHICAGO, September 24. (U.P.A.): Grain prices moved in an irregular range on the Chicago Commodity Exchange to-day during a session of quiet trading.

December wheat rose to a new seasonal high due to mill and commercial buying on the firm cash situation and flour sales to the Government.

Closing prices for wheat:

Delivery	Previous	Sept. 24
December	1.70 3/8—1/2	1.71 3/4
May	1.68 1/4	1.68 7/8

Worth Street Quiet

NEW YORK, September 24. (U. P. A.): The Worth Street Cotton Cloth market was quiet to-day as Labour shortages handicapped the efforts of woolen mills to expedite deliveries while the short yarn supplies prevented worthwhile rayin activity.

NO SOFT TREATMENT FOR DEFEATED JAPAN

Occupation May Last Many More Years: Earlier MacArthur Statement Categorically Denied

LONDON, September 25, (Reuter): Two firmly worded statements from high American sources in the past 24 hours have made it clear that there will be no soft treatment for defeated Japan.

The release by the White House in Washington of the directive to General MacArthur from the State Department and the War and the Navy Departments giving the Supreme Commander virtual power to dismiss the Emperor Hirohito, if expedient, and substitute any alternative regime approved by the United Nations was followed to-day by an official statement at General MacArthur's Tokyo Headquarters that the occupation of Japan may last many more years.

WHAT MACARTHUR HAD SAID

An official spokesman at the General MacArthur's Headquarters categorically denied the recent statement attributed to General MacArthur that the occupation forces could be withdrawn within six months, which created a worldwide stir when published.

What the Supreme Commander did say, according to the spokesman, was that "the occupation forces under favourable conditions could be reduced to the minimum size in six months."

MIKADO'S INTERVIEW

The delicate 44-year-old Japanese Emperor—who is now virtually a puppet ruler under the watchful eyes of the Allies—to-day told a correspondent of the London "Evening Standard" that he is personally in favour of establishing constitutional monarchy in Japan on the same lines as in Britain.

The man, who shocked his own orthodox subjects 24 years ago by being the first Japanese Crown Prince to leave his country for 2,500 years to visit Europe and America, was dressed in a black morning coat, striped trousers, white shirt with stiff winged collar and black tie when he received the correspondent in a building in the Palace grounds.

He declared that it was his earnest desire that whatever changes in Japan were necessary should be carried out in line with the general will of the people expressed through constitutional procedure.

Food and housing were Japan's two paramount problems, he said, and once the people were fed and clothed, it would be easy to carry out reforms.

WHEN MIKADO DIFFERED FROM TOJO

Emperor Hirohito was quoted by the New York "Times" Tokyo correspondent today as saying in an interview that he was opposed to war as the instrument of policy, and had not intended his war rescript to be employed as General Tojo used it in December 1941 in a sneak attack on Pearl Harbour. He had expected Tojo to declare war in the usual formal manner.

DOMEI CAN'T STAND COMPETITION

The President of the Domei Japanese Official News Agency today announced that he had recommended to the directors that the Agency be dissolved because it could not operate in competition with the new agency being formed by Tokyo daily newspapers.

"Reuter" adds that the Japanese News Agency, Domei, was Government-sponsored and distributed and broadcast propaganda and official Government statements and news throughout the war.

4,000 AUSTRALIANS NOT TRACED.

CANBERRA, Sept. 25. (A.P.A.): Army Minister Forde said today that about 4,000 Australians, who were prisoners in Japanese hands, had still not been traced. He said that army authorities feared that a large proportion of the men were dead but it was hoped that some might be found ultimately in Japan and other places.

JAPS IN BURMA START SURRENDERING ARMS

RANGOON, Sept. 25. (A.P.I.): The beaten Japanese in Burma began surrendering to British forces yesterday. The first batch of prisoners came in at Mokpalin near the river bend at Sittang. They came in a procession and surrendered their arms. Battalion commanders were allowed to retain their swords and regimental flags but all other officers have given up every piece of equipment. No spoken orders were issued by British officers and everything has been communicated in plain written terms leaving the Japanese in no doubt whatever. Within the next week or so it is expected that two divisions, 53rd and 18th, will be in their cages.

HANDS OFF ELECTIONS

Muslim Majlis Leader's Warning To Punjab & India Officials

LUDHIANA, September 25, (A.P.I.): Mufti Ziaul Hasan, member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim Majlis, commenting upon the statement of Mian Mumtaz Daultana, General Secretary of the Punjab Muslim League, allegation that the Punjab officials are influencing the people to vote for the Unionist candidates, says:

"We agree that official influence in the forthcoming elections should not prevail. There are Muslim officers who being pro-Muslim League persuade Muslims to join the League and it is requested that necessary steps be taken against them.

"Sufficient proof can be given in this behalf.

"Employees of the Government of India are also included in the aforesaid category, some proof of which is found in the rejection of the application of Nationalist Muslims to start a newspaper, while the Leaguers have been given quota and permission for news papers. In the Punjab there are some Muslim officers who propagate for the League, against whom the Unionist Government should take action immediately. Their influence cannot help in the success of the elections but the public voice would help in the real success.

Mrs. Pandit To Contest From Old Constituency

NEW YORK, Sept. 24 (Reuter). - Reuter understands that Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit will return to India in November to contest the seat of her old constituency at Cawnpore-Billaur in the forthcoming U.P. Provincial elections.

TRICOLOUR GOES U. IN PATNA

PATNA, Sept. 25. (A.P.I.): After 37 months, the Congress flag has once again been hoisted at the office of the Provincial Congress Committee.

Mr. A. N. Sinha performed the flag hoisting ceremony and in a short speech traced the history of the Congress during the last two years. He asked every Congressman to profit by the past sacrifices and to carry the message of the Congress to every house.

He also paid a tribute to Dr. Rajendra Prasad and hoped that soon after his return to the province the Congress would take up the work of rehabilitating its position.

Sarat Bose Pleads For Release Of Bakshi

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose in a telegram to the Governor of Bengal to-day urged for the release of Mr. Satya Ranjan Bakshi. The following is the text of Mr. Bose's telegram: "Reports regarding Satya Ranjan Bakshi's health most alarming. Understood Government of India willing to release him but Bengal Government objecting. Request you to withdraw Bengal Government's objection and release Bakshi".

Thatte And Others Released

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. L. G. Thatte, General Secretary of the All-India Anti-Pakistan Front, and 30 other volunteers of the Front who were arrested under the Defence of India Rules for picketing in front of the A.-I.C.C. pandal here on September 21, were released this afternoon.

Pant For Nainital

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, member of the Congress Working Committee, left for Nainital to-day "via" Agra.

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"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth, Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking 'OTOGEN"

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention

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M/s. MARSHALL & CO., 171, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
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GRAND PHARMACY, Charni Road, Bombay.

LACTOGEN
The Milk Food
FOR BABIES AND NURSING MOTHERS

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose visited the "Sentinel" office on Saturday last with his son and Mr. Nathalal D. Parekh, his host in Bombay. He remained for about an hour conversing with the Editor Mr. B. G. Horniman.

Pakistan Perpetuates British Imperialism

Sarat Bose Predicts Another Struggle In Near Future

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"We would be well advised not to look to London at all, but to take steps independently for rallying the people and for creating a situation which will attract all workers to the Congress ranks, to strengthen the fighting elements in the Congress and to prepare ourselves for the coming struggle. I have no doubt in my mind that a struggle is coming again and much sooner than most people expect."

This was the observation made by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, at a press conference at Jinnah Hall this morning. Mr. Bose added that it seemed to him that something of a reaction had set in since the struggle of 1942 and at least some people seemed inclined to ask for respite. But there could be no respite until the struggle for freedom terminated with complete success for India.

Dealing with the immediate future and the prospects of a united front in Bengal of all parties opposed to the Muslim League and its creed of Pakistan Mr. Bose said that the prospects were very good, in fact rosy.

In the course of the conference Mr. Sarat Bose said that it could not be claimed that the Congress was always clear in the past on some of the burning questions of the day and he for one would not blame the public for having confused views on these subjects But he believed that now the Congress had given a lead in clear and definite terms.

There was hardly anything for him to add. But he wanted to clear one misconception on the subject of the Cripps proposals. He did say that the Cripps proposals were more acceptable than the Wavell proposals. That did not mean that the Cripps proposals were acceptable. He for one could not be satisfied with anything less than complete independence.

He did not even like the expressions "substance of independence" or "independence in the international setting." There should be no equivocation.

But he did say and would repeat that the Cripps proposals were more acceptable than the Wavell proposals because he found that some Congressmen seemed to think that the Wavell proposals represented a change of heart. He did not see any change of heart. If there ever was a change of heart on the part of the British Government it was for a brief fortnight during the Cripps proposals.

He thought that Lord Wavell had confused the position regarding the Constituent Assembly though he might not have done it deliberately. Taking all these things into consideration he thought that India should cease to look to London but take its own steps.

Referring to the international situation he regretted to say that the ideas of people including some Congressmen were entirely wrong on this subject. The views expressed by some of the leaders tended to mislead the public. It has been said, in Congress resolutions, for instance, that the World War II was a war between democracy and fascism. With great respect to those who drafted those resolutions, he had to state that the war was one between Anglo-American Fascists on the one side and Italo-German Fascists on the other. The so-called democracies of the West were Empires or Vampires as they had been described. Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose appreciated the lead given by Gandhiji in these matters, by maintaining an attitude of strict neutrality The Western Democracies betrayed themselves on the question of India's Independence. He would, therefore, like to cry a halt to all Indians taking sides with one or the other of these democracies because there was nothing in Anglo-American Fascism to suggest that they were concerned in the least with India's Independence. It was just power politics.

"MISCHIEVOUS SLOGAN"

Speaking on the Communist slogan of a people's war he said that the slogan was a false slogan; it was a mischievous slogan; it was a slogan which had betrayed the country. People's war, it undoubtedly was so far as Russia was concerned or Britain or France or Czechoslovakia. If the Allies of Nazi Germany became the Allies of Imperial Britain, that did not make a people's war for India. Therefore he urged everybody to give up such cheap international claptrap and accept the lead of Gandhiji which he had given through the two magic words 'Quit India'. It was necessary to present a solid phalanx against the powers outside India, be allies or be they fascists.

Asked if it would not be better to gain freedom with the help of the Muslim League by conceding Pakistan as the Congress had failed to obtain it by its own efforts, Sarat **Babu said that he did not believe the concession of Pakistan would advance India one step towards Independence. On the contrary he thought it would only perpetuate British domination over India. Examining the ideas of Chowdhury Rahmat Ali, the founder of the Pakistan movement, he said that the whole thing was a chimera.**

He was glad the Congress Working Committee had decided not to knock at the doors of Mr. Jinnah again. Several years ago he had suggested that the best way to bringing in a large section of Muslims into the Congress fold, at least as far as Hindu minority provinces like Bengal were concerned, was by setting up Coalition Ministries. But the majority of members of the Congress Working Committee unfortunately did not agree with him. As late as 1941 he had obtained the signatures of 76 out of a total of 119 members of the Bengal Legislative Assembly for the setting up of a Coalition Ministry in Bengal. But three days after he had mooted the question, he had been locked up. He felt that after what Bengal had gone through in 1943-44 and was still going through, he was confident that such attempts had a better chance of success. Although he might not expect a large number of Muslims to join the Congress, he thought that quite a large number of them would ally themselves with the Congress to carry out the Congress programme.

PEASANTS & WORKERS MUST DO IT.

Speaking of the role played or to be played by various sections of the Indian people he thought that nothing much was to be expected from the educated sections. If freedom were achieved, it would only be done by the work and the fight of the workers and peasants of the land. The intellectuals, however, would have to supply the leadership.

As far as students were concerned, he said that he was thoroughly disappointed by the part they had played in Indian politics during recent years. As a body they had failed to respond to the call of the country. It was true that they furnished some very brave and able fighters, but in general he was critical of the slogan-shouting, message-gathering, autograph-hunting student fraternity. He thought that they had gathered enough messages and the time had come when they should concentrate on doing something concrete

SUBHAS HAD TUSSLES WITH JAPS

NONE KNOWS CAUSE FOR FATEFUL FLIGHT TO TOKYO AFTER SURRENDER

SINGAPORE, September 25. (Reuter): The closing chapters in the chequered history of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose's Government "Azad Hind" and the I.N.A. were being enacted in mid-August in the palatial residence of a Jewish millionaire named Meyer at Singapore, where Mr. Bose used to stay, writes N. Rajamani, Reuter's Special Correspondent.

These days were marked by a frequent stormy exchange of views between Mr. Bose and Japanese liaison officers. Mr. Bose knew during these days that Japan's collapse was only a matter of days, but even after the radioed reports of Japan's unconditional surrender were available, the Japanese Commander of Singapore, General Itagaki, continued to be truculent.

On the night of August 15, Mr. Bose drove down to Cathay buildings which housed Mr. Bose's "Azad Hind" radio station, and the Japanese-managed "Radio Shonan", and wanted to broadcast a message to Indians in Malay, Siam, Indo-China, Java, Sumatra, Borneo, the Philippines, Japan and other parts of Asia.

The Japanese censor suggested that he should read over the script first, but Mr. Bose protested vigorously and walked straight into the studio.

This broadcast was probably the last document to which Mr. Bose affixed his signature before he left for Tokyo early next morning.

In this broadcast Mr. Bose praised the "Rani of Jhansi" regiment, drawn East Asia, and urged them not to be depressed at the temporary failure.

Beyond the fact that he was going for "important consultations", even Mr. Bose's closest associates in Singapore do not know why he went to Tokyo the day after Japan's surrender.

Mr. Bose's plane reached Bangkok safely, after which nothing is known here definitely. A few days later the Tokyo radio broadcast a Domei agency report that Mr. Bose had aircrashed and died in hospital.

Singapore was only the rear Headquarters of the I.N.A. and the "Azad Hind" Government. The seat of Government was shifted from Rangoon to Bangkok. Major-General Kiani, who was in charge of I.N.A. men in Singapore has been arrested and lodged in Pearl Hill prison, while over 2,000 I.N.A. men have been segregated at Bidadari camp.

Reports from Penang state that Mr. N. Raghavan, stated to be one of the original founders of the movement, has also been arrested. Members of the "Rani of Jhansi" regiment, drawn from among Indian families, were all disbanded soon after the fall of Rangoon.

Judging from what the authorities did at Rangoon, it is permissible to assume that I.N.A. men will be taken back to India as soon as circumstances permit, after which it would be the responsibility of the Indian Government to deal with them.

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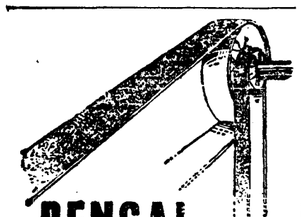

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Sharp Rise In Shares Meets Realising Sales

COTTON RULES QUIETLY STEADY

Bullion Market Remains Steady

BOMBAY, Sept. 25

The Share Bazar was fairly firm to-day. Yesterday in the late trading there was some active professional buying in Bombay Dyeing Shares which recorded a sharp rise and this firmness had sympathetic effect on other sections. To-day the market opened very steady but some realising appeared with the result that moderate losses were recorded from the opening level. However the decline attracted fresh support and the general feeling remains bullish. As usual in a rising market operators look for substantial gains in the long run on hopes of apolition of E. P. T. and the market still relies on inflation. However a section believes that the present firmness is due to manipulation of professional operators

At the opening Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 2380 and advanced to Rs. 2395 under moderate buying and short covering but reacted at Rs. 2380 on scattered realising Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 443 and improved to Rs. 444 but steadied at Rs. 440.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs 2010 and rose to Rs. 2022 under active professional support but down turned to Rs. 2003 on general realising. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 618 and advanced to Rs. 623 but declined to Rs. 616. Indore Malwa Shares found unusual activity and after advancing to Rs. 725 steadied at Rs. 715. The undertone of the market was firm and buyers are confidently looking for higher quotations.

Later on the market was steady with scattered buying Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 2390 and Ordinary Shares stood at Rs. 441. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 2010 and Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 618. Indore were quoted at Rs. 710. Tone was very steady.

Tata Steel Dfds 2392. Tata Steel Ord. 442. Bombay Dyeing 2013. Central India 405. Century 895. Indore 711. Kohinoor 618. Simplex 307. Swadeshi 587. Scindia 38/4. Associated Cement 223. 3-1/2 per cent Paper 102/4. Central Bank 86.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 2013/12 Century 895 Nagpur 405 Swadeshi 576/8 New Great 400/8 Simplex 307/8 Kohinoor 618 Colaba 250 Gokak 304 Phoenix 650 Mysore 291/4 Indian Bleaching 163 Swan 315 Finlay 294/8 Morarji 745 Indore 711/4 Edward Sasson 670

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 442 Tata Steel Defd 2392/8

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 209 Andhra 1830 Tata Power 1885 Tram Ord 149

CEMENT

Associated Merger 223/4

INDUSTRIES

Burma 567/8 Alcock 407/12 Bellapur 227 Shivrajpur 52/8 Steamer Ord 612/8 Scindia 38/4 Construction 212/8

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 4/1 Elphinstone 78 E U Ord 14/5 Defd 2/15 Indian Mfg. 3530 Kurla 240 Khatau 322/8 Dawn 1100 David 1300 New City 368/12 Minerva 235 Bradbury 323/12 Bharucha Dfds 8/1 Bharat 60 Madhavji 19/4 Model 255 Laxmi Cotton 1420 Vishnu Cotton 497/8 Western 2610 Sholapur 7000 Sassoon Cotton 23 Hindustan 38/10 Meyer Sasson 189/6 Tata Mills 66/4 Ahd. Advance 403/2 Sassoon Silk 78 New Union 24/8 Poddar 338/12 Madhusudan 465 New 90 Shri Nivas 387/8 Raja Bahadur Poona 105 Berar 310

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad XR 168/12 Surat 255 Surat New Premium 118/2 Broach 12/14 Ajmer 14/14 Amalgamated 18/8 Jaigaon 11/9 Nagpur 48 Bombay Suburban 210 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 139/12 Imperial 2220 P. P. 568/12 Central 86 India 191/4 Union 9/2 Baroda 144/8 Habib 80/8 International 48/8 A B C 45 Dena Bank 60/8 United 77 Jaipur 66/8 Hindustan 52/8 National Savings F P 73 P P 39/8 Mysore 388 Exchange 60/8 Bikaner 29/4

INSURANCE

Oriental 6600 Empire 1175 New India 86 Jupiter 32/8 Vulcan 17 Indian Mercantile 62/8 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25 Br L Ben 25 Bombay Life 875 Ind. Prud 51/8

RAILWAYS

Ad Prantij 722/8 C P 108 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 111/8 Sara Serajganj 116/8 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Upper Sind 124 Pachora 98 Hoshiarpur 117/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 196/4 Burma Petrol 5/11 Tata Oil 72 Mackenzie 139/6 Port Canning 107/8 Zandu 211/4 Indian Radio Ord 390 B 411/4 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 119 Wimco 311/14 Tata Chemical 19 Dharamsi Chemical 34 Eastern Chemical 12/4 Mukund Iron 12/8 Dena Trust 23 Alembic 325/10 Supreme Industries 231/4 Jam Wire 130 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 35 India Cement (1937) 34 Walchand Nagar Industries 590 Kemp 500

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 226/4 Tata Steel Second 170/12 Tram 68/8 Andhra 1615 Tata Power 1722/8 Hydro 160/10 Bombay Steamer 347/8 Nagpur 732/8 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 126/14 Vishnu 760 Laxmi 300 New Great 261/4 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec 249/6 Premier Const. 1st 135 Second 135 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 124 Walchand Industries 283/12

OTHER SHARES

Indian Iron 41/14 Bengal Steel 34/13 Indian Copper 3/5/9 B. I. C. 7/7 Burma Corporation 6/5/6 New Victoria Mill 7/14 Victoria Pref 10 Cawnpore Tex 12/12 Raja Tex 70 Phalton 150 Gold Mohar 300 New Kaiser-Hind 2460 Sajjan 430 Osmanshahi 315 Ajamshahi 556/4

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Record For Actual Transactions In Shares

Bombay, September 25.

MILLS.

Apollo 4 1 4 2 4 1 4 2 6 4 4 1
Bharat 59 12 60
B. Dyeing 1995 2020 12/8 25 8 12 22 8 2 8 13 12
Central India (Ord) 405 2 8/8 5 9 5 9 4 8 5
Century 895
Colaba 252 53/8 51/8 52 50
Edward 665 72 8 70
Elphinstone (Ord) 77 8 78/8 78
Elphinstone (Pref) 126/14
Finlay 297 95/8 96 94 96/8 94/8
Gokak 304 7 5 8/8 4 6/8 4
India United Defd 2/13/6 3 3/14/6 2 15
India United Ord 14/5 14 3/6 14/9 14 7 14 9 14/5
Indore 702 8 7/8 5 20 10 18/12 7/8 12 8 11/4
Khatau 322/8
Kohinoor 621 19 25 21 23 17 20 16/8 18 15 18 17 19 18
Luxmi 1420
Madhusudan 460 65
Meyer 202 8 198/12 204/6
Model 253/12 55
Morarjee 760 45 46/4 45
New City 367/8 68/12
New Great 396 95 403 398 401/8 399 401/8 400/8
Podar 330 35 32 8 38/12
Sassoon Cotton 22/12 23
Shrinivas 387/8
Simplex 300/8 300 305 3 8/8 4 7 3/8 6 2/8 7/8
Swadeshi 582 78 82 76 81/8 77 79 72 76
Swan 317 14 16 15
Tata Mills 67/4 68/8 66/4
Vishnu 497/8

BANKS.

Baroda 144/8
Central 86/4 86
Habib 8/8
Imperial (Old) 2220
Imperial (New) 568/12
National Savings (F.P.) 72
Reserve 139/8 39/12
United Commercial 77

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 168/12
Andhra Valley 1830
Tram (Ord) 148/8 49 48/8 49
Tram (Pref) 69 68/8 69 68/8
Hydro (Ord) 205
Tata Power (Ord) 1875 77/8 75 85

INSURANCE.

Empire 1175
Indian Mercantile 62/8
Jupiter 32/8
New India 85/8 86/8 86
Vulcan 16/14 17
Bombay Steam 610 15 10 12/8
Scindia 38/9 38/12 38 7 38/8 38/1 38/5 38/4
Tata Steel Defd. 2385 82/8 87/8 81/4 97/8 86/4 96/4 81/4 95 82/8 87/8 77/8 92/8 87/8 92/8
Tata Steel Ord 444 41/8 45 42/8 43/8 40 42 40 42
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 171/4 70/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 407/8
A. Cement 224 23 24/8 22/8 23/4
Belapur 228 30 26/8 28/8 26 27
Burma (Old) 565 70 66/4 67/8
Burmah (New) 195 93/12 97/8 96/4
B. B. Petrol 5/10 5/11 11/6 5/11
I. I. Trust 119
Port Canning 107/8
P. Construction (Ord) 213 15 12 12/8
P. Construction (2nd Pref) 135
Shivrajpur 52 51 52/8
Tata Chemical (Ord) 19
Tata Oil 73 72
Coorla Mills 240
New Union 25/4

GOLD & SILVER

The Bullion Market was firm with speculative activity. Floating stocks in the market are limited and any upward move results in scarcity of offerings. Thus the market is mostly in the hands of professional operators. The market opened firm but under long liquidation, there was a gradual decline in quotations. Forward gold opened at Rs. 78/12 and declined to Rs. 78/1 while ready gold was quoted at Rs. 79/9. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 53/10. Forward silver opened at Rs. 136/12 and declined on general realising and steadied at Rs. 135/8. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 135/12 and next settlement was placed at Rs. 135/8. The market is highly speculative and professional operators are making serious attempts to harden quotations.

The market finally closed as under:-

Ready Silver 136-2-0
Forward Silver 135-12-0
Ready Gold 78-14-0
Forward Gold 77-12-0
Sovereigns 52-14-0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bullish sentiment is gradually gaining ground in city markets on hopes of inflation. As far as cotton is concerned, we often pointed out that Indian cotton is unduly low and if export outlet is available, there would be good demand. This fact is now realised and all recessions are attracting new buyers.

The market opened to-day at Rs 412/8 for January delivery and declined to Rs. 411/8 under scattered selling. At this level there was renewed buying influenced by firmness of other markets and January was quoted at Rs. 416. The market feeling is moderate.

Today January improved to Rs. 416/- but again declined to Rs. 411/- on renewed selling. The market finally closed at 6 p.m. as under:-

I. C. C. Jan 412-4-0
I. C. C. March 415-6-0
I. C. C. May 430-0-0

'Doug' Can Dismiss Hirohito If He Wishes

WASHINGTON CLARIFIES SUPREME COMMANDER'S AUTHORITY

U. S. Left Wing Press Attacks MacArthur

WASHINGTON, September 25 (Reuter).—General MacArthur can now dismiss the Emperor of Japan any time he sees fit.

That—according to Reuter's Correspondent—is the view of well-informed Washington observers, following the publication last night of the most outright official American "gloves off in Japan" statement yet, which authorises General MacArthur to use force, if necessary, to ensure that his orders are carried out.

On September 6, General Douglas MacArthur's authority over Japan as Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers was clarified in a special message to him prepared by the State Department and the War and Navy department.

The text of this directive now disclosed by White House reads: "The authority of the Emperor and the Japanese Government to rule the State is subordinate to you as Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

"You will exercise your authority as you deem proper to carry out your mission. Our relations with Japan do not rest on any contractual basis, but on unconditional surrender. Since your authority is supreme you will not entertain any question on the part of Japanese as to its scope.

Control of Japan shall be exercised through the Japanese Government to the extent that such an arrangement produces satisfactory results. You may enforce the orders issued by you by employment of such measures as you deem necessary, including the use of force."

There is a possibility, however, that public opinion in the United Stated States might make such a step essential as the "will of the people". By its carefully timed release last night's statement gives General MacArthur the power to "sack" the Emperor and set up any regime he wishes in Hirohito's place.

Move For MacArthur's Removal

A suggestion that General MacArthur should be recalled to the United States as soon as the minimum requirements of Japan's demilitarisation have been fulfilled was made in the United States Senate yesterday by Republican Alexander Wiley. Mr. Wiley proposed that General MacArthur be given a new Cabinet post of National Defence absorbing the War and Navy departments.

"An organised campaign to obtain General MacArthur's removal" was alleged in the Senate by the Republican Senator Mr. Kenneth Wherry who declared that the American Left Wing press was engaging in violent and abusive attacks against General MacArthur. Mr. Wherry was the sole dissident voter.

N. Y. Cotton Quiet

NEW YORK, Sept. 24, (U. P. A): On the New York Cotton Exchange to-day, prices were irregularly lower during a quiet trading session.

New speculative interest was forestalled by labour dispute reports and an absence of a sustained mill demand for spot supplies.

Predictions that the mid-September farm price parity report will show a decline also aided the decline.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Sept. 24.

October	22.66—09
October highest (10 a.m.)	22.72—03
October lowest (10-55 a.m.)	22.65—10
December	22.79—05
January	22.79—05
March	22.76—05
May	22.71—06
July	22.49—05
October	21.61—06
Middling Spot	23.14—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

October	22.54—08
December	22.75—07
January	unquoted
March	22.76—07
May	22.72—06
July	22.48—06
Middling Spot	22.20—05

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

October	22.68
December	22.81
March	22.78

LONDON BULLION.
London, Sept. 24.

Silver Spot, pence per fine ounce 44, Silver Forward pence per fine ounce 44. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3

LONDON EXCHANGES.

T. T. London on: —+—

New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2, Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.47, Zurich sellers 17.3, buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.85, buyers 16.95.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	74
Consols 2-1/2 p c	88-7/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105.3/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	104-9/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	115-1/16
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11.7
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	94-1/2
National Bank of India	43

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, September 24.

Generally quiet conditions have prevailed on the stock market to-day as operators have been content to await further developments, particularly regarding the London Conference of foreign ministers and the outcome of the Washington discussions, before increasing their commitments. Weekend orders were only on a small scale, but the undertone however has been reflecting the increase in the buying price of foreign silver in America.

Giltedgeds were quietly maintained. On the foreign bond market Europeans met quiet, selective support while among far eastern bonds Japanese were rather uncertain. British railways were again requested and occasionally a half higher, but foreign rails changed. Apart from renewed demand in breweries, particularly south African shares which were upto a shilling higher, industrials generally ruled quiet with occasional recessions owing to lack of interest. Leading oils ruled quietly steady, also international dollar stocks. South African gold mines were quiet. There was small Cape support in the early part of the session, but later there were occasional losses owing to absence of support.

Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, Sept. 24, (U. P. A.): To-day's session of the New York Stock Exchange featured the lightest volume of trading since August 30th with activities curtailed as the New York lift-operators' strike hit the financial district. Only six hundred thousand shares were traded during the session.

There was little price change and a moderate flurry of profit taking reflected the caution of traders who are expecting further irregularity.

Closing prices included:

Stock	Previous	Sept. 24.
American Tel & Tel	183 7/8	183
Anaconda Copper	36 3/4	36 5/8
Douglas Aircraft	90 7/8	90 1/4
General Motors	73	72 3/8
Pennsylvania Railway	39 1/8	39 3/8
U. S Steel common	74 1/2	74 5/8

Calicut Quotations

CALICUT, September 25.

Cocoanuts raw 82/8 dry 90 coconut-oil 350 copra office 215 Dilpasand 230 Madras nottam 240 goodgooda 225 pepper wynaad 345 country 335 dry ginger chernad 240 ernad 230 coffee robusta 90.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY Sept. 25.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months, 90 Days/st 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B C. RATES: T. T 1/5 15/16 D. D. 1/5-15/16.

Banks selling T T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 3/32

LONDON NEW YORK:

Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4 D. D Rs. 332 3/4

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs 328

LONDON MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T. Rs 302 1/2 D. D. Rs 302 1/2

Banks buying T T. Rs 297 3/4 D D. Rs 296 1/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call one and two months 1/4 p.c 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c. 12 months 1 1/4 p.c

Tone: Very easy.

High & Low Cotton Prices

I.C.C Sept. Highest —, Lowest —. Closing at 6 p.m. 350

I.C.C Jan. Highest 411 Lowest 406-3/4, Closing at 6 p.m. 410-3/4

I.C.C March Highest 417-3/4, Lowest 514, Closing at 6 p.m. 417-3/4.

I.C.C May Highest 429-1/4, Lowest 425-1/2, Closing at 6 p.m. 429-1/4.

Karachi 4F Jan. Highest 42/15/6, Lowest 42/11/3, Closing at 6 p.m 42/11/6.

Cotton Parity

Indian Cotton January Contract is 685 cent points under New York January at Exchange rate 331.

Cotton Tenders

On Monday 1900 Bales were tendered against September Cotton Contract. Total tenders stand at 46,459 Bales.

PRODUCE MARKET CLOSED

BOMBAY, Sept. 25.

The local produce market remained closed to-day as a mark of respect to the death of a member.

It tastes so good, AND IT'S HEALTHY TOO!
You and your family will appreciate the rich flavour and delicious taste of sweet dishes prepared with OUDH SUGAR GOLDEN SYRUP. And it is healthy too—contains Glucose and Sucrose.
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National Advrg. Serv.

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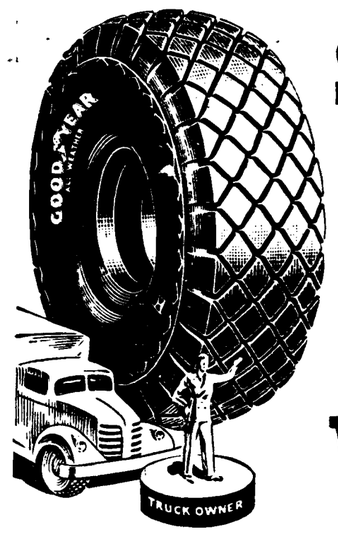
CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE
ACTS GENTLY LIKE NATURE



Serving the World on Wheels

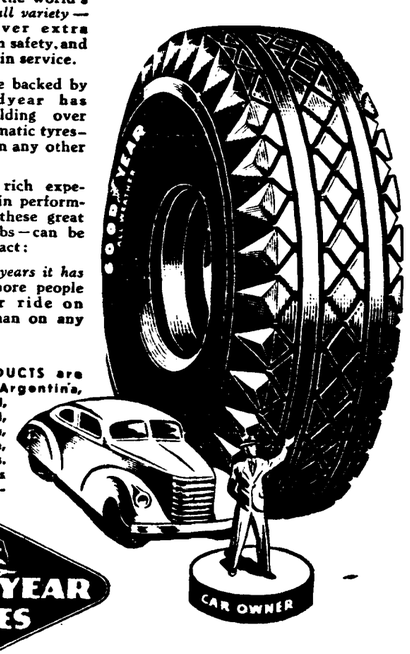
To meet the needs of anything on wheels, Goodyear builds the world's finest tyres in *full variety*—tyres that deliver extra mileage, maximum safety, and greatest economy in service.

No other tyres are backed by the skill Goodyear has acquired in building over 350,000,000 pneumatic tyres—millions more than any other manufacturer.

How well this rich experience is proved in performance—how well these great tyres do their jobs—can be judged from this fact:

For 30 consecutive years it has been true that "more people the world over ride on Goodyear tyres than on any other make."

GOODYEAR PRODUCTS are manufactured in Argentina, Australia, Brasil, Canada, Eire, England, India, Mexico, Peru, South Africa, Sweden, The United States. Branches, Distributors and Dealers throughout the world.



GOODYEAR TYRES

MORE PEOPLE, MORE TONS, THE WORLD OVER, RIDE ON GOODYEAR TYRES THAN ON ANY OTHER MAKE

NO. 102

MUTT AND JEFF—So What, They All Get That Way On The First Spring Day — By BUD FISHER

SAY, MUTT! I JUST SAW THE FUNNIEST THING! A GUY WAS SITTING ON THE CURB AND—
A COP CAME ALONG AND——
?
WOW! WHAT A GOLF OUTFIT! WHAT COLORS! OH, MAN!
WELL, WHAT DO YOU THINK I SHOULD WEAR WITH MY PURPLE AND GREEN SOCKS AND SKY BLUE PANTS.
I KNOW JUST THE THING!
HIP BOOTS AND RAINCOAT WOULD HIDE IT!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1|8|-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Educated cultured bride for prominent (Brahmin) Nationalist Journalist. Caste no consideration. Correspond Box No. 9438, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for de luxe Cafeteria a full-time Cashier. Security essential. Good Prospects. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 9459, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Experienced Sales Representative with Market connections for Toiletries, especially Hair preparations. Salary plus commission. Excellent prospects. Apply, Post Box 732, Bombay. (9460)

Wanted—Clerk fully experienced in keeping accounts having good knowledge of Marathi and English. Box No. 9463, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Undergraduate Science Teacher, a trained Drill Teacher and a Second Year trained Lady Teacher. Good pay and prospects. Apply to Box No. 9455, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted A Typist, preferably a Lady, twice a week for two hours in the evening. Good wages offered. Apply Box No. 9443, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted L.C.P.S. and M.B.B.S. doctors for Juna Deesa (Palanpur State). Write with minimum pay and experience to Shantilal, c|o Chandulal Babalal, Laxmidas Market, 2nd Lane. (9456)

Wanted A driver having experience of Air Injection Sulzer Type Engines of 800 H.P. Pay according to experience and qualification. Apply with copies of testimonials to the Director of Industries, Faridkot State, Faridkot. 4930

Wanted experienced Mechanical Draughtsman preferably with experience in a Sugar Factory. Apply stating age, salary expected with copies of certificates to The Kolhapur Sugar Mills Ltd., Kolhapur. (4870)

Wanted: Matrics, Non-Matrics for Sub-Agencies establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Indo Finance and Transportation Corporation, Delhi. (9447)

Wanted—For a well-established Tannery & Boot Manufacturing concern in Northern India a Footwear Manufacturing Expert capable of formulating complete plans for the rehabilitation of the existing plant for the production of Footwear. He will be required to run the present plant and to be responsible for the efficient running of the new machinery and plant to be installed. Please apply with particulars of qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box No. 9446, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a Pharmaceutical concern in South a Manager. Man with previous Secretarial experience and experience in salesmanship of chemicals and pharmaceuticals need apply stating age, terms, etc., to Box No. 4854. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced and qualified Accountant for a joint stock Company in Bombay. Apply stating age, experience & salary required to Box No. 4887 "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited from well-organised firms with arrangements of travelling salesmen to work on commission basis for the sale of our well-known Universal Brand Custered Powder, Cornflour, Laundry Starch, Dextrine, Thintrite, British Gum, Liquid Glucose, and Stockists, Agents for Rum and Dry Gin, Methylated & Rectified Spirits (Standard Distillery) throughout Bombay Presidency, Madras, Deccan, C.P., Central India, Berar & Assam. Communicate with M|s. Karam Chand Thapar & Bros. Ltd., 5, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta. (4911)

Wanted a Motor Mechanic with long experience in repairing and servicing. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 9444, "Bombay Chronicle."

Part|Full Time Lady Secretarial Work, Typing, Correspondence, Social Mass Contact Institution. Box 9458, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted respectable and Influential Organisers to sell shares of highly Prospective Drug and Chemical Company at Calcutta with a sound Directorate, Box No. 9399, "Bombay Chronicle."

TO BE LET

To Let Furnished Modern 3 Room Flat Shivaji Park, Dadar. Apply Box No. 9471, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Get Medical Diplomas at home: Ayurvedic, Unani, Homoeopathic. Prospectus free. Old Indian Medical College, Kotgarh, Simla. (9415)

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D.Com. courses, American Correspondence College (BC), Delhi. (4637A)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Technical Books of Various Sorts-in-stock-list-for the Special Branch interested sent on application. The Lakhani Book Depot, Girgaon, Bombay 4. (9431)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

No. M-104(15)

Dated, New Delhi, the Sept, 1945

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

SULPHUR OPERATIONS IN KOH-I-SULTAN, BALUCHISTAN.

THE PROPERTIES attached to the Central Government's Sulphur Operations, Koh-i-Sultan Railway Station Nokkundi, (Baluchistan) and stocks of sulphur ore lying at Nokkundi railhead are offered for sale. Purchaser has right to work the sulphur mines or dismantle the properties and to dispose of the stocks of sulphur ore as he thinks fit. Government, however, reserve the right to sell not more than 1,500 tons of high grade ore now lying at rail-head by the end of the year 1945. Working the mines will be in accordance with the Central Government Mining Rules. Detailed prospectus and plans are available for perusal with the Director, Geological Survey of India, 27, Chowringhee, Calcutta, the Officer-in-Charge, Sulphur Operations, Hut No. 254, Residency Compound, Quetta (Baluchistan), and the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Labour New Delhi, up to the 29th October, 1945. Tenders are invited, and should reach Rai Bahadur A. C. Das, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Labour, New Delhi, on or before the 30th October 1945. Tenders should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Koh-i-Sultan Sulphur Operations." 4836

MEDICAL ADLETS

Dr. Desai L.M.S., Hydrocele Specialist (Suratwala) who without operation cures hydrocele radically now permanently in Bombay. Sardargriha, Crawford Market, opposite Police Office. (9362)

Tonsils: Avoid Operation, Sweet remedy Certified by Rajas and Noblemen, confirmed by Medical Opinion Kent Chemicals, Pudukottah (S. I.). (9351)

Haemovin has been proved effective for the treatment of piles. Its use ensures rapid and prolonged relief from pain. Obtainable at chemists or direct from: M|s. Premier Trading Co., Advani Chambers, Fort, Bombay. (4652)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for Coffee, Honey, Beeswax. Apply with Postage Azad-Bharat Distributors, Bellary 9297

The National Glass Works, Tundla, (E.I.R.) wants Agents & Stockists throughout India. Firms or individuals in the line need apply to the manager. (9450)

Wanted Purchasers of our Tower Brand Bar Soap, cubes. Cash write to the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (9149)

Representative of a Calcutta firm-manufacturer of high class Milk-food (milk powder packed in 1 lb. tins meant for babies, old and invalids) wants a Distributor for Bombay for selling eight thousand pounds a month. Bonafide parties please write immediately to Mr. T. Chakrabortty, Bengal Lodge, Sitaram Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, for personal negotiation. (9454)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

For Sale.—A free-hold plot of land, measuring about twelve Hundred square yards, bearing No. 23 and situated at Ramnagar estate, Dombivli, Patharli, Taluk Kalyan, Dist. Thana, is offered for sale to the person offering the highest price till 15th October, 1945. Persons desiring to purchase it should correspond with Mr. Pran Nath Seth, Advocate, Receiver Estate, Mohanlal, Seva Sadan, Civil Lines, Cawnpore. (9378)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Proprietor of a Prospective Business of Sole Distributorship in fast moving lines is prepared to admit a working partner with a nationalist tendency and a small capital. Reply with full details as to status, age, educational qualifications, business experience, if any, to Box No. 9461, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted immediately old or new, a complete Stone Breaking Machine for breaking Road ballast of ½" to 2" size. Apply with full particulars and price to M|s K. C. Tandon & Bros., Govt. Contractors. Souterganj, Cawnpore. (9416)

ASTROLOGICAL

Three Future questions replied for Rupees Two. Prof. Mawn, Spiritualist, Post Restante, G.P.O. Bombay. (9439)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Asia Imports Limited, Hornby Road, Bombay can now book orders for all varieties of goods through their United Kingdom Agents, Robertson Buckley & Co., Ltd., Liverpool, Manchester, London, Birmingham, etc. Traders desirous of registering orders from incoming stocks should write to the Secretary direct. (9464)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

8"|12" Dazzling Dahlias produce renowned R. C. Seeds. Ounce Rs. 9|- net. ½, ¼, oz pro rata. Lb. 108|-. Cheaper quality also. R. Chatterji, D. Specialist, Darbhanga. (9317)

For Sale British Infrared Medical Lamps ready stock The Western Manufacturing Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay. (9472)

Honey—Pure Mahableshwar "Madhukosh" honey, scientifically and hygienically collected and bottled from flowers of different seasons available for sale in Bombay depot, Eruchshaw Building, 249, Hornby Road, Fort, near Kemp & Co. (9442)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, the 4th October, 1945, at 2 P.M. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. INTERPELLATIONS.

2-37. Letters from the authorities of the (2) Adams-Wylie Memorial Hospital; (3) Bharatiya Sangh (Hindi Pustakalaya); (4) Society for the Protection of Children in Western India; (5) Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society; (6) Dadar Sarvajanik Vachanalaya; (7) Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute; (8) Hajee Karim Mchammad Suleman Charitable Trust; (9) King George V Memorial; (10) Rescue Home for Indian Women conducted by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council; (11) Bombay Mofussil Maternity, Child Welfare and Health Council; (12) Naigaum Social Service Society; (13) Shree Shivaji Vyayam Mandir, Bhoiwada; (14) Shree Samarth Vyayam Mandir, Dadar; (15) Bombay City Ambulance Corps; (16) Shree Meghwal Sahayak Mandal; (17) Bombay Physical Culture Association; (18) Hind Mata Sewa Mandal; (19) Bhagini Samaj Seva Mandir (Bellasis Road); (20) Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital; (21) Depressed Classes Mission Society of India; (22) Bombay Homoeopathic Association; (23) Nair Hospital Dental College; (24) Mhaskar Kanya Arogya Mandir conducted by the Dadar Bhagini Samaj; (25) Bai Motlibai Wadia Free Reading Room and Library, Byculla, managed by the Bombay Presidency Adult Education Association; (26) Telugu Free Library; (27) Bhagini Samaj T. N. Malvi Bal Mandir; (28) Bombay Vigilance Association; (29) Muslim Educational Service League; (30) Balkan-ji-Bari; (31) Islamia Free Library conducted by Anjuman-i-Musalmanan-i-Mazagaon; (32) Children's Holiday Reading Rooms conducted by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council; (33) Bombay Institution for Deaf and Mutes; (34) Shree Govardhan Sanstha; (35) Maharashtra Seva Mandal (Lalbaug); (36) Prabhadevi Vyayam Mandir; and (37) Ramdas Vyayam Mandir (Gaiwadi)—Applying for grants-in-aid of their respective institutions for the year 1946-47.

38-41. Letters from the authorities of the (38) Hindu Deen Daya Sangh; (39) Hindu Sevak Samaj; (40) Om Samarth Bharat Vyayam Mandir; and (41) Bombay City Adult Education Committee—Forwarding copies of the Annual Reports, etc., of their respective institutions.

42. Letters from the Chairman, Hospital Executive Committee and the Chief Medical Officer, Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital—Applying for a special recurring grant-in-aid of the Hospital.

43. Letter from Mr. Shivlal H. Gupta—For introducing the teaching of religious doctrines to Hindu children in Municipal Primary schools.

44. Letter from Mr. A. B. Gudekar—Regarding a suggestion for starting a High School for Secondary and Primary Training in each ward.

45-46. Letters from Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, Solicitors and Notaries Public—Giving notice of suits proposed to be filed by them against the Corporation on behalf of their clients, (45) the Kamala Mills, Ltd., and (46) the Jubilee Mills, Ltd., disputing the rate charged for water supplied to them, etc.

47. Letter from the Hon. General Secretary, Maharashtra Seva Mandal—Thanking the Corporation for giving a grant-in-aid of the institution.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE—

48. Regarding the enforcement or otherwise of sanctions obtained for the removal of unauthorized works.

49. Forwarding the quarterly statement of outstanding Wheel-tax Bills.

50. Recommending additional grant to meet the payment of the additional pension allowed to pensioners paid out of the School Fund.

51. Recommending advance from certain funds to meet the liabilities incurred during 1944-45 and previous years under Advances and Special Funds, etc.

52. Forwarding a statement showing the unexpended Budget grants for the year 1943-44 and previous years relating to Debt charges pertaining to Municipal Account.

53. Recommending additional grant for payment of the allowance sanctioned by the Schools Committee to certain Supervisors for looking after the Special Morning classes.

54. Regarding the continuance of the payment of the extra Conveyance Allowance to a Supervising Surveyor of the Assessor and Collector's Department, etc.

55. Regarding an agreement with the B.E.S. & T. Co., Ltd., for the supply of electric energy at the Malabar Hill Reservoir Control Room, etc.

56. Resolution of the Improvements Committee—Regarding the acquisition of a property at Mahim Bazar Cross Road in connection with the scheme for laying out roads thereat.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEES—

57. Regarding the request made to Government for an increase in the rate of rebate allowed to the Municipality for the cost of collection of the Urban Immovable Property Tax.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE'S LETTERS—

58. Regarding the number of teachers in Municipal schools required to be given training during 1944-45.

59. Regarding additional grant for payment of special Municipal contribution towards Provident Fund to the employees of the Schools Committee.

60. Regarding additional grant towards Primary Education Expenditure for the year 1945-46.

61. Regarding an offer of a donation for giving scholarships to the girls of the Bhatia Community studying in the Municipal Central Gujarati Girls' Schools.

62. Regarding an offer of a donation for giving a prize to a student appearing for the Government Open Middle School Scholarship Examination from Municipal Marathi Schools.

63. Regarding the appointment of additional teachers for Tamil, Gujarati and Urdu Schools.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE COMMISSIONER—

64. Forwarding the Monthly Chemical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

65. Reporting that no case of breeding of Malaria carrying mosquito was detected during August 1945.

66-67. Reporting on applications for gratuity from certain ex-Municipal employees.

68. Government letter regarding confirmation of the amendment of a Rule of the Municipal Pension, etc., Regulations.

69. Letters from (a) Mrs. Laxmibai B. Parelkar; and (b) Dr. A. B. Parelkar—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of Mr. B. G. Parelkar.

70. Letter from Mrs. Rukmini Devi—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of Dr. G. S. Arundale.

71. Letter from Mr. R. N. Sircar—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of Sir Nripendranath Sircar.

72. Letter from Mr. S. S. Mirajkar—Applying for leave of absence from the Meetings of the Corporation.

73. Letter from Mr. H. Chamberlain—Resigning his seat on the Corporation, etc.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE MUNICIPAL SECRETARY—

74. Regarding the appointment of the Corporation's representatives on certain institutions receiving grants from the Municipality.

75. Submitting a statement of references pending before the Committees of the Corporation.

76. Submitting a list of Resolutions calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received.

77. Submitting a statement of Interpellations remaining unreplied to by the Commissioner.

78. Confirmation of the Special Committees' Proceedings.

79. Schools Committee's letter—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS—

80. From Dr. Homi F. Pavri—For carrying out certain improvements at the Esplanade Band Stand and arranging for band programmes thereat.

81. From Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hasan—For representing to Government to take steps for regulating the impending retrenchments in the Industrial and non-Industrial concerns in the City, etc.

82-85. From Mr. Zulmiram J. Chowdhery—For (82) requesting the Schools Committee to cancel the fine imposed by them on a Head Mistress; (83-84) requesting the B.E.S. & T. Co., Ltd., (83) to discontinue the practice of not stopping their cars at the fixed stopping places, etc., and (84) to extend their Worli-Parel Bus Service to Sewri; and (85) providing injectible drugs to Municipal Dispensaries in the City for treatment of patients attending thereat.

86-87. From Mr. P. M. Chinai—For (86) inviting the attention of Government to the inferior quality of foodgrains supplied under the Rationing Scheme and requesting them to provide foodgrains of good quality; and (87) requesting the Commissioner to expedite his reply to an interpellation regarding applications received for admission to the Seth G. S. Medical College for the year 1944-45.

88. From Mr. Khimji M. Bhujpuria—For declaring certain portion of Tulsi Pipe Line as Public Street, etc.

89. From Mr. K. L. Borkar—For inviting the attention of Government to the bad quality of Rice sold at the Ration Shops in the City and requesting them to get these grains cleansed before distribution, etc.

90-91. From Mr. R. K. Achrekar—For (90) shifting the position of a urinal at DeLisle Road and (91) taking measures to prevent the spread of Typhoid and allied ailment cases occurring in the Mazagaon locality, etc.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,

B. V. MODY,

Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 25th September, 1945. (4932)

PUBLIC NOTICES

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
(DISPOSALS DIRECTORATE)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following stores, lying at the places shown against them:

Nomenclature:	Quantity:	Location:
GLASS SUBSTITUTE:		
(a) 3|4" MESH WIRE BASE	21,296 Sq. ft.	Civil Defence Branch Stores Depot, 138, Belliaghata Road, Calcutta.
(b) SUNRALITE	7,864 „	
(c) WIRELITE	300 „	
(d) SHIELDEX EXCELITE	53,981½ „	
(e) SHIELDEX TRANSCENDENT	36,700 „	

2. The goods will be sold without guarantee of their condition and subject to the conditions of contract laid down in form Con. 117 which can be seen at the offices of the Controllers of Supplies (Disposals-Branch), Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cawnpore, Karachi and Lahore and the Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

3. The stores can be inspected at site on permits to be issued by Director of Disposals, New Delhi, on request.

4. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. DGD|SR-1200|SCI" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 200|- deposited as earnest money in the Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

5. Tenders should reach The Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi by 4 P.M. on 5-10-1945.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 15th Oct. 1945.

7. Delivery of the stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed by 7th November, 1945

8. Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof.

9. Rates should be quoted separately per sq. ft. for each item. (4924)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
TENDER NOTICE

Tender No. CDD NFR|31|10241 due on 23-10-45

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES (Disposals), 2, Fairlie Place. Calcutta, invites offers for the purchase and removal of the following stores:—

STORES.	QUANTITY. Tons.	LOCATION.
1. Brass Borings (60|40)	1-14-0-0	Metal and Steel Factory, Ishapore
2. Mixed Metal Borings	15- 0-0-0	
3. Brass Scrap (60|40)	5-3-3-8.9 16	
4. Copper Scrap	3- 9-3-0	Messrs. Venesta,
5. Alumunium Scrap.	0- 0-2-0¾	Kamarhaty, 24,
6. Phospher Bronze Scrap	0-7-3-10½	Parganas.
7. Copper wire of different gauges	310-18-3-13	Telegraph Store yard, Alipore.
8. Mazak alloy scrap	24-4-1-27	Messrs Aluminium Mfg. Co., Dum Dum.
9. Aluminium alloy Borings	0-2-2-20	
10. —do— Scrap	0-6-2-22	
11. Copper Borings	8-0-0- 0	Gun & Shell Factory, Cossipore.
12. Copper Scrap Gr. II Wire	0-8-3-20	
13. Lead Scrap	0-4-3-18	

The materials will be sold without guarantee or their condition and subject to the conditions of contract laid down in form con. 117, which can be seen at the offices of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals Branch) of all areas and Director of Disposals, New Delhi. The stores can be inspected by arrangement with the respective stockholder on production of inspection letters to be obtained from this office.

Offers in Tenderer's own form in sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. CDD|NFR|31|10241" should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for 5% of the value of the item items for which quoting subject to a maximum of Rs. 15,000|- deposited as earnest money in Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Govt. Treasury in favour of Controller of Supplies (Disposals), 2, Fairlie Place, Calcutta and reach the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) by 4 P.M. on 23-10-45. Offers to remain open upto 23-11-45. Delivery of the stores will be at site and removal should be completed within 20 days from the date of acceptance of offers. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. The quotations should be submitted separately for each item and rate to be quoted should be per cwt. (4913)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
NOTICE

BOOKING ARRANGEMENTS FOR 3RD CLASS PASSENGERS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS.

WITH effect from 1st October, 1945, the times at which the 3rd class Booking Office at Victoria Terminus will open for the sale of tickets will be revised as follows:—

TRAIN NO.	Departure Time	Sale of tickets to commence.
27 Down, Khandwa Passenger ..	7-00	5 hours
19 Down, Poona Express ..	8-20	„ „
33 Down, Poona Passenger ..	8-30	„ „
21 Down, Poona Fast Passenger ..	10-45	8-30 hours
11 Down, North East Passenger ..	11-00	„ „
35 Down, Madras Express ..	13-30	11-30 „
5 Down, Punjab Mail ..	14-15	„ „
13 Down, Nasik Passenger ..	15-25	13-30 „
1 Down, Calcutta Mail via Nagpur ..	16-20	14-30 „
3 Down, Poona Mail ..	17-20	„ „
7 Down, Calcutta Mail via Allahabad	20-30	18-00 „
197 Down, Peshawar Express ..	20-45	„ „
9 Down, Madras Mail ..	21-20	19-30 „
23 Down, Poona Passenger ..	23-00	21-00 „
25 Down, Poona Passenger ..	0-15	„ „

Tickets for these trains will not be sold before these hours, except that a limited number of tickets will be sold one day in advance as hitherto to passengers desiring to reserve seats by No. 19 Down, Poona Express, No. 35 Down, Madras Express and No. 3 Down, Poona Mail. 4867

MALAYAN AND HONG KONG EVACUEES.

SHIPPING ARRANGEMENTS FOR RETURN TO MALAYA AND HONG KONG.

All Evacuees who have changed their addresses since their last registration with the Bombay or Bangalore Offices of the Malayan Representative must now give particulars to the undersigned. All future changes in addresses must also be notified without delay to the undersigned.

Any evacuee who has not yet registered should at once send the undersigned full particulars of name, age, profession, last residence in Malaya or Hong Kong, present address, date of departure from Malaya or Hong Kong and month in which he or she wishes to return, and full details with ages of dependants:

T. P. SUNDARAM,
Deputy Malayan Representative in India.
Menkwa Building, Outram Road, Bombay. (4890)

ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. M. R. Kohli, Agency Manager of The Punjab National Insurance Co., Ltd., Chamberlain Road, Lahore will be shortly visiting Bombay. Influential parties interested in taking up Chief Agency of a financially very sound concern should apply to the Company immediately. The Company has a very large paid up Capital. From the start it is housed in its own spacious building. It deposited full security of Rs. Two Lacs before commencing business. 4899

G. I. P. RAILWAY
SPECIAL NOTICE

PASSENGERS ARE ADVISED that they may take into their compartments only such small articles of personal luggage as are required for their own use on the journey and which can be placed in the compartments without inconveniencing other passengers or reducing the available accommodation in the compartment. All other luggage must be booked in the brake van.

Railway staff have been instructed to see that this regulation is complied with and passengers are accordingly advised in their own interests to abide by it. Failure to do so may result in luggage being left behind. (4923)

FOR SALE.

Copper bar links, copper wire ropes, copper strips and copper-scrap, all containing high grade electrolytic copper. Tender closes on 4th October 1945. Apply for tender form to The General Manager, The Tata Power Co., Ltd., Bombay House, Fort, Bombay. (4858)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY by the Locomotive and Engineering Shops of Messrs. Tata Sons Limited, at Tatanagar, B. N. Rly., a Machine Shop Foreman and some Boiler Shop Chargemen.

The Machine Shop Foreman must be conversant with light and heavy machine shop and Tool Room work and with the manufacture of special tools, Jigs tools and dies necessary for the construction of boilers and locomotives and with the setting up of automatics and semi-automatics in brass shop and light machine shop.

The Boiler Shop Chargemen must have sound 5 years apprenticeship in a Locomotive Boiler-Shop and specialised in Boiler Erection, Flange Presses, Boiler Plate Machining Works, Oxy-cutting Boiler mounting and Testing and at least 3 years training as a 'Journeyman' in a Boiler Shop in any of the sections mentioned above.

The salary of the Machine Shop Foreman will be in the scale of Rs. 500-25-550 and that of the Boiler Shop Chargemen will be in the scale of Rs. 185-15-350, with a dearness allowance of 10% of the salary for the former and Rs. 198|- for the latter and 'emergency bonus' at 10% of the salary in both cases. The initial salary within the grades will be determined according to the qualifications of the selected candidates.

Applications should be addressed to the Chief Administrative Officer, E. I. R. Works—P. O., Tatanagar, B. N. Rly., and should reach him not later than 10th October 1945.

Applications should show the age, qualification and experience and should be accompanied by copies of certificates and testimonials.

Required applicants should be prepared to come for interview and selected candidates should be in a position to join immediately. 4834

NOTICE

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a whole-time post of Professor of Physiology, Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay, on a pay of Rs. 600-25-850-50-1,000 per mensem, without the right of private practice. The appointment will, in the first instance, be on probation for one year. At the time of appointment, the applicant should be a native of the Province of Bombay, or should have his domicile in the Province of Bombay, or in an Indian State lying within the geographical limits of the Province of Bombay. He must be a registered medical practitioner and hold a post-graduate medical qualification, with teaching experience in the subject of Physiology of at least 5 years' duration. He should further have done research work of recognised merit and importance in the subject of Physiology. Copies of all original articles published, and a statement of investigations now in progress, whether undertaken independently or jointly with others, should be forwarded with the application.

As regards pay, allowances, leave, etc., the post is amenable to Municipal Service Regulations, and Revised Leave Regulations, as at present in force, or as may be amended from time to time hereafter. The incumbent will be entitled to the benefits of the Provident Fund under the Municipal Provident Fund Regulations in force from time to time.

The candidates will be required to appear for an interview at their own cost.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience, etc., and accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness, should be made on prescribed forms, (to be obtained from the Dean's office on payment of annas eight each), so, as to reach the Dean on or before 6th October 1945.

Persons in Municipal Service are eligible to apply.

Selected candidates will have to produce a fitness certificate from the Municipal Medical Examiner.

Any canvassing, direct or indirect, will disqualify the applicant.

R. P. KOPPIKAR,
M.S., F.C.P.S.,
DEAN.

Parel, Bombay 12.
Dated 17th Sept., 1945. 4864

TENDER NOTICE
G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders up to 14 hours on 18th October, 1945, for the supply and installation of a Rapid Gravity Filtration and Sterilisation Plant at Amla on the Itarsi-Nagpur section of the G.I.P. Railway.

2. Specification of the plant required with instructions to tenderers and a copy of drawing showing the site of the plant can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2|- per set; this amount will not be refunded. 4905

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